AUSTRALIAN OATS! FOR HORSES.

AUSTRALIAN OATS..... Rs. 5-0-0 per Bag of 180 lbs.
AUSTRALIAN OATS..... Rs. 5-0-0 per cwt
CRUSHED FOOD..... " 6-12-0 "
Also GRAM, BARLEY, COUNTRY OATS, BRAN, &c. Supplied Very Cheap.

THE ROYAL FORAGE STORES.

2, ARGYLE ROAD, CARNAC BRIDGE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 52,467—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

Milkmaid Brand Milk — Largest Sale in the World

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 3 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
M.L. CARTHAGE	5198	J. R. Landon	25th Jan.
* PENINSULAR	5257	T. Leigh	1st Feb.
M.L. ARABIA	7902	J. L. Parfitt	8th "
* PERSIA	7951	W. A. Whelor	15th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5257	T. Leigh	22nd "
* CALEDONIA	7518	E. H. Gordon	1st March
M.L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Whelor	8th "
* EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langbourne	15th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7518	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
* VICTORIA	5527	E. Crewe	29th "
M.L. EGYPT	7913	G. L. Langbourne	5th April
* ARABIA	7902	J. L. Parfitt	12th "
M.L. VICTORIA	5527	E. Crewe	19th "
* PENINSULAR	5257	T. Leigh	26th "
M.L. ARABIA	7902	J. L. Parfitt	3rd May.
* PERSIA	7951	W. A. Whelor	10th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5257	T. Leigh	17th "
* CALEDONIA	7518	E. H. Gordon	24th "
M.L. Persia	7951	W. A. Whelor	31st "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipthere for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between noon and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports on route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, 3rd January, 1902.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Androvich	4,139	1st February 1902
IMPERATRIX	....	4,212	1st March 1902.

PASSAGE-MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 305.	Rs. 237-8.	Rs. 155.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
S. S. TRO'....	....	2,771	16th March.
S.S. MARQUIS [illegible]	....	4,469	16th April.
S. S. POSEIDON	....	3,878	23rd April.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 413-8	Rs. 155.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
Available for 6 months	Rs. 1,036	Rs. 592-8.
Available for 12 months	" 1,168	" 667-8.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
CARINTHIA	G. Marcochino	2,812	22nd Feb., 1902.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.

Bombay, 13th January, 1902.

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.,

BANKERS & PASSENGER AGENTS,
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)
8, Hornby Road—BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA—8, Dalhousie Square, E.
KARACHI—Bunder Road.
LONDON—(Head Office), 7, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall, S.W.
LIVERPOOL—23, Water Street.
MARSEILLES—22, Rue de la Republique.
PORT SAID[illegible] Francois Joseph.
CAPE TOWN[illegible] Darley Street.
DURBAN S.A[illegible]

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened [illegible] count over Rs. 250, and interest allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for [illegible] ths, at interest to be learned on Application.
PAY, PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES Collected.
Letters of CREDIT payable anywhere, issued at Current Rates.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES AND BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for Collection.
TELEGRAPHIC AND REGULAR HOME FAMILY REMITTANCES made AT THE BEST Exchange rate of the day.
ADDRESSES of HOME friends for Telegraphic purposes registered FREE.
VOLUMINOUS Private CODE minimising expense, at CLIENTS' Service.
STOCKS, SHARES, &c., bought and sold.
GOVERNMENT PAPER AND OTHER SECURITIES kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
MONIES Cabled and paid same day in England. Cost of Message about Rs. 8, and NO COMMISSION charged for remitting.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE—effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the STANDARD and ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICES.
Full information promptly given and Handbooks sent free on Application.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS, PASSENGER AND FORWARDING AGENTS.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES AT REDUCED RATES.

FOR long PERIOD RETURN TICKETS by P. and O. and other Lines.

PASSAGES engaged by all Liners and Non-Liners FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION. Special attention to the selection of berths and grouping of Passengers.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS to Families, Missionaries and Railway Officials to London; also to Government Officials via China and America to Europe.

THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway station in India to all parts of the World.

COOK'S INTERPRETERS meet and assist passengers at London, Marseilles, Genoa, and all Chief Towns of the world.

OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.

PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE received, forwarded or insured against theft and all risks.

PACKAGES of every description stored, and shipped as cargo to all parts of the world at lowest rates; ESTIMATES on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and amounts placed on DEPOSIT for FIXED PERIODS.

STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold.

DRAFTS, CIRCULAR NOTES, & LETTERS OF [illegible] and REMITTANCES made.

[illegible]TA RANGOON, COLOMBO.

[illegible]TIONS

[illegible] of Contagious of the Blood, wh[illegible] of any Disease, hereditar[illegible]em by scription, are positi[illegible] taking "CLARKE'S W[illegible] the great Blood Purifi[illegible] and clearing the Blood [illegible] be too highly recommend[illegible]s of all Diseases, Skin and Blood [illegible]ure. It is all kinds, it is a never-failing and po[illegible] the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, everywhere at 2s, 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on FRIDAY, the 31st Jan., at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 28th January, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PEMBA," 1,536 tons, on THURSDAY, the 30th Jan., at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingra, Bahrein, Bushire, Feo, Mahomerah, and Basreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR MORMUGOA, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, IBO, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA, AND DELAGOA BAY.

S.S. "PALITANA," 2,998 tons, on or about THURSDAY, the 6th February.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

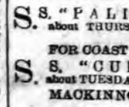
S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 4th February.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 24th January, 1902.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of, Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
CALEDONIEN	4,232	Blanc	13th Feb., 1902
SALAZIE	4,255	Aubert	13th Mar. 1902.
ERNEST SIMONS	5,707	Dupuy-From	10th April 1902.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "ERNEST SIMONS," 5,707 tons, Captain, Vaquier, to sail on or about 5th Feb., 1902.

For further particulars apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road.

INSURANCES.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS ABOUT THE

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—OVER THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death Claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to over £ 9,900,000 and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary.

N.B.—POLICIES ISSUED IN RUPEES OR IN STERLING.

L'UNION FIRE INSURANCE CO., LIMITED, OF PARIS.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

Capital Reserve and Guarantee,
Francs 103,000,000 or over £4,008,000.

WE, the Undersigned, have been APPOINTED CHIEF REPRESENTATIVES of L'Union Fire Insurance Co., Ld., of Paris, and are now prepared to Transact Fire Insurance Business at Current Rates.

TATA & SONS,
Chief Representatives for Bombay.
Messrs. ZIFFO & CO.,
Chief Representatives for Calcutta.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.

CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.

GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.

Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

STOP THAT COUGH!
STOP THAT COUGH!
STOP THAT COUGH!
STOP THAT COUGH!
STOP THAT COUGH!

If you cannot sleep for coughing, one Keating's Lozenge will set you right. They at once check the cough and remove the cause. An enormous sale all over the world during the past 80 years proves their great value.

There is absolutely no remedy so speedy and effectual. One Lozenge alone gives relief. Simple, but sure in action, they can be taken by the most delicate.

KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES
KEATING'S LOZENGES

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold everywhere in bottles by all chemists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOTEL WINDSOR,

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER,
LONDON, S. W., ENGLAND.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ELECTRICALLY lighted throughout day and night. Moderate Tariff. Table d'Hote at Separate Tables, from 6-30 to 8-30 (open to non-residents). Turkish Baths.

INCLUSIVE TERMS FROM 12s. PER DAY.

J. R. CLEAVE & CO.,
Proprietors.

SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC.

A MOST POWERFUL, RELIABLE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR

Influenza, Malarial Fevers, Ague, Chill, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Dumbagus, And All Diseases

Arising from Biliary derangement caused by Malaria. Is used as a Preventive and cure in Epidemic Fevers and Plague. Acts like a charm!

☞ Beware of spurious Imitations.

SOLD by all CHEMISTS and at THE ORIGINAL MADON'S PHARMACY No. 16 and 18, ABDOOL RHEMAN STREET.

Chemists, MADON SONS & CO., Bombay

PLEASE NOTE.—We have no connection with any other Firms of, Name similar to ours. Ours is the First Shop as you enter the above Street from the Crawford Market side.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT, AND SUMMARY OF TRADE,

Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period, as far back as 1896 and 1900 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn since Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period, as far back as 1895 and 1900, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance...Rs. 10.
Single Copy ..... Annas 4.

Bombay Gazette Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

FEVERS AND DIRE PLAGUE,

ARE CURED IN AN INCREDIBLY SHORT, TIME BY THE NEMESIS' AGUE SPECIFIC.

Thousands of lives saved by this magic mixture. A trial is solicited. Per Bottle Re 1.

F. S. MADON & Co.
170, SHAIKH MEMON STREET, BOMBAY.

ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE RETURNS FOR 1901 SHOW LARGE INCREASE TO FUNDS,
WHICH NOW EXCEED
Rs. 1,80,00,000.

The Rates are the Lowest with safety, being based upon the Company's experience since its formation in 1874.

ENDOWMENTS AND ANNUITIES ON SPECIALLY ATTRACTIVE TERMS.

ALL INTENDING ASSURERS should apply for the Rates and Conditions of the ORIENTAL.

Full Particulars and Forms may be obtained on Application at the Company's Office.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.

WHAT THE PRESS SAID.

PRIZE-DRAWING AT C. ARDESHER & CO.

THERE was a large gathering at ARDESHER'S SHOW-ROOMS, Dhurramtollah, on Saturday evening on the occasion of their fourth Prize-drawing for Rs. 5,000 offered in 533 prizes to the purchasers of certain of the firm's specialities in English-made Time Pieces, Studs, and Chains. A strong representation scrutinising committee was elected from among those present, to control, and do the actual drawing, no one of the establishment being entrusted with the latter duty. The tickets having been checked and placed in their respective boxes, the drawing proceeded, with the result that the 1st prize Rs. 1,000 fell to ticket 5823 held by Lokman Kaderbhoy Kajdee, Esq., Bungree Bazar, Bombay; the 2nd Rs. 500 to 2973, Kartick Chunder Mullick, Esq., 25, Sobha Ram, Bysack's Lane, Calcutta, and the 3rd, Rs. 250, to 860, Alladin Karim Khan, Cabari of Mean Mir Punjab. The remaining 530 prizes were widely distributed all over the country.

The NEXT PRIZE DRAWING has been fixed for the 15th March 1902, the last day for issuing tickets being the 8th idem.

C. ADRESHER & CO.,
178, Dhurramtollah Street.
CALCUTTA.

OUT-DOOR GAMES.

CRICKET, TENNIS, FOOT BALL, POLO, GOLF, HOCKEY, RACQUETS, FIVES, CROQUET.

GUARANTEED BEST ENGLISH MANUFACTURE ONLY.

ALL REQUISITES AT

TREACHER & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY.

HOLD THE LARGEST STOCK OF ARTISTIC FURNITURE IN INDIA.

Also a New and Select range of CRETONNES, TAPESTRIES, SILKS, PRINTED LINENS, &c. and every other HOUSEHOLD REQUISITE.

Inspection of NEW GOODS INVITED.

R. SCOTT & CO., M. R. C. V. S.

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES, GIRGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for Local and Upcountry Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

	Rs.
Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (Rs. 20), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.	
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Syce per measem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
Verbal opinion as to Soundness	5

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, best in the markets Present Price Rs. 5-8 per CWT, Delivered Free.

Special Mixtures. CRUSHED OATS BRAN, etc. supplied.

GLARE GLASSES.

WITH the disappearance of the Monsoons and the prospects in the future of Hot and Sunny Days, we beg to remind all, whose Eyes are affected by the glare of the sun, of the necessity of using SUN SPECTACLES. Our neutral tinted Glare stirrup-shaped Spectacle give the greatest comfort in use. They can be obtained in shades of light medium and dark. The lense are of the best make, absolutely free from air bubbles and water marks, so common in the cheap Spectacle.

Steel, Rs. 6. Nickel, Rs. 10.
Gold, Rs. 75.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE LATEST ADDITION TO THE "BAHADUR" CATALOGUE.

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS" BRAND.

THE "BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS"

Brand is the latest addition to our List. They are packed in Boxes of 100, each Cigar being Ringed with a "BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS." Ring.

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," Extra large, 5 inches, Rs. 37-8.

"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 1, 4½ in., Rs. 31-6.
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 2, 4 in., Rs. 29-0.
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 3, 3½ in., Rs. 27-8.
"BAHADUR QUEEN-EMPRESS," No. 4, 3 in., Rs. 24-0

PACKED in BOXES of 50, at an extra charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.
PACKED in BOXES of 25, at an extra charge of Rs. 2 per 1,000

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,
MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105 MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GORGONZOLA, PARMESAN AND GRUYERE CHEESE.

Liver Sausages, Frankfort Sausages, Hard Smoked Sausages, Vienna Sausages with Sourcrout, Mortadella Sausages in tins and Milan Sausages in skin.

Sourcrout in Glass Jars and in Tins, Fonds de Artichokes, Champignons, Salsiffs, Choux de Bruxelles, Macedoines, Flageolets, Petit Pois Ex-Fin in Tins, etc.

Coarse Grained Ural Caviare, Royans a la Bordelaise, Anchovies (salted loose), and in Bots. in Oil, Smoked Herrings (loose,) Thon Fish, Best Sardines in Oil, etc. German Mixed Pickles.

Chartreuse, Benedictine, Kummel, Maraschino, Peppermint, Absinthe, Kirschenwasser, Anisette, Mandarino, Mastica di Scio, Cremes assortis, etc.

Barbera, Nebiolo, Polcevera, white, Chianti, Moscato Apposito and Sparkling, Capri, Corvo, French and Italian Vermouth, etc.

Macaroni, Vermicelli, Italian Rice, Lentilles, Double and Single White Beans, Italian Grams and Split Peas.

Walnuts, Almonds, Hazelnuts, Malaga Raisins, Naples Figs and Chestnuts.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET, a thoroughly genuine article. Only Rs. 10 per Dozen Quarts.

PIANOFORTES.

THE following well-known models of Pianos, specially built for the climate of India, can be obtained on the system of combined hire and purchase known as the "Hire System" under which by the payment of a fixed amount per month slightly in excess of the ordinary charge for simple hire, the Instrument becomes the property of the hirer on the completion of twelve or twenty-four consecutive monthly payments as the case may be.

UPRIGHT PIANOS.

	Cash. Rs.	12 Months Per Month. Rs.	24 Months. Per Month. Rs.
MARCKS and Co's Overstrung	650	59	32
MARCKS and Co's "	700	63-8	34-8
SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S Standard Indian Overstrung	780	71	38-12
BLUTHNER'S Verticol	985	89-8	48-4
BLUTHNER'S Overstrung	1,100	99-12	54
ERARD Overstrung	1,100	99-12	54
ERARD Overstrung Grand Upright	1,560	141-8	77

HORIZONTAL GRANDS.

SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE'S Standard Indian	1,200	109	59-4
BLUTHNER'S DRAWING Room Grand	1,700	154-8	84
BLUTHNER'S Aliquot Grand	1,850	168	91-8
ERARD Overstrung Grand	2,100	190-12	103

Full DESCRIPTIVE LIST, Post Free, on application to the SOLE AGENTS,

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

GREEN'S APOLLO BUNDER RESTAURANT.

BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, and DINNERS AVAILABLE at SHORTEST NOTICE.

OYSTERS NOW IN SEASON.

HAMS, BACON AND CHEESE, AS SUPPLIED TO GOVERNMENT HOUSES CALCUTTA, SIMLA, BOMBAY, OOTACAMUND AND MADRAS, and the principal MESSES and CLUBS throughout India and Burma.

BACON—	Rs. a.
REAL WILTS MIDDLE, from 20 lbs to 30 lb., each per lb., (original weight)	1 2
do. do. do. do. on cut	1 3
REAL WILTS BELLY, from 8 to 20 lb., each per lb., (original weight)	1 0
do. do. do. on cut	1 1
CUMBERLAND BELLIES, from 10 to 16 lb. each per lb.	1 0
do. do. do. on cut	1 1
RASHERS OF BACON, per 1 lb. tin	1 4
HAMS—	
Home cured, Pale Cumberland, from 7 to 26 lb., each per lb.	1 2
Cooked ready for table, whole or half Ham per lb.	2 0
Cooked, in slices "	2 8

CHEESE—	Rs. a.
STILTON ENGLISH PRIZE DAIRY, whole Cheese, Per lb.	1 6
do. do. do. on cut "	1 8
GORGONZOLA, REAL, whole Cheese "	1 6
do. do. do. on cut "	1 8
CAMEMBERT, Real, per large tin "	1 12
MENAUTA per tin "	1 4
CHESHIRE do. on cut "	1 0
GRUYERE, Real "	1 0
CHEDDAR, Pale Loaf "	0 14
DOUBLE GLOSTER "	0 14
AMERICAN "	0 12
EDAMS & GOUDAS "	0 12

COLD WEATHER DELICACIES NOW.

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ILLUSTRATIVE TABLE

SHOWING THE ANNUAL PREMIUM PAYABLE FOR VARIOUS KINDS OF POLICIES WITH PROFITS.

Age next Birthday.	Whole Life Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Whole Life Premiums.	Premiums Limited to 10 years.	15 years.	20 years.	Endowment Assurances of Rs. 1,000. Payable at death, or in 15 years.	20 years.	25 years.	Age next Birthday
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	
20	21 10	48 8	26 6	30 7	64 5	47 6	37 11	20
21	22 1	49 4	26 14	30 15	64 6	47 9	37 13	21
22	22 9	50 0	27 7	31 7	64 8	47 12	37 15	22
23	23 1	50 12	28 0	31 15	64 9	47 12	38 1	23
24	23 9	51 8	28 10	32 7	64 11	47 14	38 4	24
25	24 2	52 5	29 4	33 0	64 13	48 0	38 7	25
26	24 11	53 2	29 15	33 9	64 15	48 3	38 10	26
27	25 5	54 0	30 10	34 2	65 1	48 6	38 14	27
28	25 15	54 14	31 5	34 12	65 4	48 9	39 2	28
29	26 9	55 13	32 1	35 6	65 7	48 12	39 6	29
30	27 4	56 13	32 13	36 0	65 10	49 0	39 11	30
31	27 15	57 13	33 10	36 11	65 13	49 4	40 0	31
32	28 11	58 14	34 7	37 6	66 0	49 8	40 6	32
33	29 8	59 15	35 4	38 2	66 4	49 13	40 12	33
34	30 6	61 1	36 2	38 15	66 8	50 2	41 3	34
35	31 5	62 4	37 1	39 12	66 13	50 8	41 10	35
36	32 5	63 8	38 0	40 10	67 2	50 14	42 3	36
37	33 5	64 12	39 0	41 9	67 8	51 5	42 13	37
38	34 6	66 1	40 1	42 8	67 14	51 12	43 5	38
39	35 8	67 6	41 3	43 8	68 4	52 5	43 15	39
40	36 11	68 12	42 5	44 9	68 11	52 14	44 10	40
41	38 0	70 3	43 8	45 11	69 3	53 8	45 6	41
42	39 6	71 11	44 12	46 14	69 13	54 3	46 4	42
43	40 13	73 4	46 1	48 2	70 5	55 0	47 3	43
44	42 5	74 13	47 5	49 7	71 0	55 14	48 6	44
45	43 14	76 7	48 12	50 15	71 11	56 12	49 9	45

A PERSON OF 30 may secure Rs. 1,000 at Death by a yearly payment of Rs. 27-4 during life. Same Premium would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only instead of Rs. 1,000.

OR, if unwilling to burden himself with payments during his whole life, he may secure the same sum of Rs. 1,000 by twenty yearly payments of Rs. 36, being thus free of Premiums before age 50; this premium being about the same as most Offices require during the whole term of life.

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IN AID OF MASONIC CHARITIES.

PROGRAMME.

1. Organ Solo ...March (Ath.) ...Costa.
CAPTAIN J. DENDON.
2. Glee ...Day blows not as others ...Strauss.
Madame SCHULTE, Mr. Andrade, Pinto, do, Leschetizki, Lucas, (by the left hand) Mr. Rhodes, do, Rubinstein.
3. Piano Solo ... Study in E flat, SIGNOR SOMNIS.
4. Song ...Valdek's Song ...F J Whishaw
Miss FERGUSON, C. R. KASHAJEE.
5. Song ...Mamma, a Kiss ...Tosti
Mr. H. G. COATES.
6. Glee ...Sailors, it is more ... ...Florence, Aylward
Mrs. BOLLAM
INTERVAL.
7. Vocal Quartette ...Good Night Beloved...Pinsuti,
THE LYRIC QUARTETE
8. Italian Song ...Senza Preghiera ...S. Castaldon,
SIGNOR MOLINI.
9. Violin Solo ...Bacchanalian Dance ...Ed. German,
Mr. H. ASTELL.
Mr. C. E. Cepollo ... 1st Tenor ... Mr. C. Coppard, 1st Bass.
Mr. Telford Hewson ... 2nd Tenor ... Mr. W. Waite, 2nd Bass.
10. Song ...
Miss PROCTOR.
11. Organ Solo ... Impromptu in G, Prendo and Fugue in E, Minor, } Stoukins, Bach.
Mr. EDGAR FAULKNER.
12. Song ...Violets ...Ellen Wright.
Mrs. MACBETH.
GOD SAVE THE KING.

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Miss MACBETH, Mr. SEYMOUR DOVE and Mr. EDGAR FAULKNER.

Masons are permitted to appear in Regalia.

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Plan of the Hall at SEYMOUR DOVE & Co., Medows Street.

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MENDELSSOHN'S ORATORIO "ELIJAH"

WILL BE PERFORMED

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H. E. THE GOVERNOR and LADY NORTHCOTE

AT THE TOWNHALL,

ON THURSDAY, 20TH FEBRUARY.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per Austrian Lloyd's S.S. "MORAVIA," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, via Karachi, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival and requested to TAKE IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS, landed at the Victoria Dock, No. 1 Shed.

The Consignee's Surveyor, Captain MACFADYEN, will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted within 7 days after the discharge of the vessel, as no claim can be entertained. No Surveys can be allowed after the 7 days, or on Goods removed from the Landing Shed.

E. SCARPA,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co.

MOONLIGHT HARBOUR EXCURSION.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY, 25TH JANUARY.

S.S. "FAIRY QUEEN," 330 Tons, will LEAVE APOLLO BUNDER, at 8 P.M., sharp, and RETURN at 11 P.M.

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Fine Class Refreshments including wines to be had on Board.

FARE Rs. 2, payable at the Bunder.

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BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have APPOINTED THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 6th and 7th February, 1902, for the purpose of Balloting for a Representative of the Chamber to serve on the Board of the Bombay Improvement Trust, in place of Mr. F. O. Huntington, who has resigned office.

The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN at the OFFICE of the Chamber from 11 A.M. till 5 P.M. on each of the above days.

By Order of the Committee,

FREDERICK NOEL PATON,
Secretary.

Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, 23rd January, 1902.

LIST of ESTATES to which Letters of Administration have been granted to the Administrator General, up to-day, and of Estates which have come under his charge.

DENIS NEWMAN, late in the employ of His Highness the Governor of Baroda.

JOHN ALBERT GRAD, late Mining Engineer, Sydney New South Wales.

JULIUS WHITE, late Medical Officer, B. B. & C. I. Railway.

JOHN SEATON, late Permanent Way Inspector, Rajputana Malwa Railway, Ujjain.

MAHOMEDBUX AMIRBUX, late of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant.

LUKUMSHI SUNNOJI, late of Bhuj Cutch Inhabitant.

All persons having claims against the following Intestates are hereby required to send in their claims, pay their debts and hand over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All persons who do not send in their claims at his office within...

...months of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the estates will be distributed and claims received after that period will not be recognised.

L. RIVETT-CARNAC,
Administrator General.

Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 24th January, 1902.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Assistant Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 12 o'clock on MONDAY, the 3rd February, 1902, for the REMOVAL of OFFAL and KUTCHRA DAILY from the compounds of the Bandora Slaughter Houses, during a period of 5 years, from 1st April 1902.

A deposit of Rs. 500 must be paid into the Chief Accountant's Office at the time of lodging Tenders which will be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender or of refusal to sign the contract.

Any particulars with regard to the contract can be obtained on application at the Office of the Superintendent of Markets.

The successful Tenderer will have to pay the full stamp duty on the contract and the charges for executing it and a further deposit of Rs. 500, making a total deposit of Rs. 1,000 so as only for the proper fulfilment of the...

...small be retained by the Municipal Commissioner will not be...

...contract period. The deposit amount will, however, be...

...application from the successful Tenderer in such securities as may be approved of by the Commissioner.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

W. D. SHEPPARD,
Asst. Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 24th Jan., 1902.

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Sale of valuable landed properties situate at Dongree Street Mandvi, Kalbadevi, or 3rd Esplanade Cross Lane.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 4 of 1894.

Under instructions from the Receiver appointed by the High Court at Bombay in the above suit, the Undersigned will sell on Tuesday the 4th DAY of FEBRUARY 1902, at 3 o'clock, by auction and risk of the defaulting purchaser (nevertheless Jootha, the properties described in the schedule hereto purchased by him at auction the 31st December 1901.

All that piece or parcel of Pension tax land or ground, situate at Dongri, Mandvi, Kalbadevi, or 3rd Esplanade Cross Lane, with dwelling house, one two-storied dwelling house, one chawl, and one two-storied shop thereon, admeasuring 625 square yards or thereabouts, and also the Pasendari Gharbari land or ground on which the said chawl is erected, which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1202, new No. 1263, old survey No. 744, new survey No. 1028, and in the books of the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes and Taxes under Ward Nos. 1 to, 23, 29 and Sheet Nos. 2, 15, 16, 73, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the east by a gasolin shed called Sattadi or Dongree Cooly depot, on the west partly by a public passage and partly by the property of Tajoo Nakhwa Road, on the south partly by a small street leading to Mount Co ita Street, and partly by the property of Dada Nakhwa, and on the north by the property of Tajoo Nakhwa Road, and which said premises have been in the possession of the Receiver since...

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Hall and Hughes, Solicitors to the Receiver, at their office in Hornby Row, or to the undersigned.

A. READYMONEY & Co.

Bombay, 20th January, 1902.

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This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Elcord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind, and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a few days entirely removes all discharges from the urinary organs, effectually preventing injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases. Dysentery, piles, irritation of the lower bowel, cough, bronchitis, asthma, and some of the more trying complaints of this kind, it will be found astonishingly efficacious, affording prompt relief where other well tried remedies have been powerless.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swellings or joints—often mistaken for rheumatism—secondary symptoms of disease of the bones, sore throat, and all diseases for which has been too rashly a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of the sufferer's teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, waste of vitality, harassing dreams, and all the distressing consequences arising from early error, excesses, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION may be procured at 2/9 and 4/6 per package, of all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. In ordering, the purchaser should state which of the three numbers he requires, and observe above Registered Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of the word "THERAPION" as it appears on the Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed to every genuine package by order of Her Majesty's Hon Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

FOR THIS BLOOD IS THE LIFE.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.

IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs.
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Colour-Sergeant Instructor Jno. Howarth Cheshire Regiment, Chester, writes:—"I suffered from Rheumatism in my arms and legs for over five years. I also had a bruised shin bone, through which I could rest only for a few minutes at a time. All sorts of remedies were applied, but none did any good for more than a few days. After a while I was recommended to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I did, and on taking the first bottle I felt relief. I therefore continued with this excellent medicine, and it effected a perfect cure. That was more than a year ago and I am pleased to say I have not felt the less pain since—in fact, I am in as good health at over I was in my life.

"Moreover, I told two friends of mine who were laid up with Rheumatism of my case, and they tried 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' They are tailors by trade, and in seven days they were at work again. They say this medicine cannot be too highly praised.

"May 18, 1899."

Mr George Price, 29, Margaret-bon-Thanet, writes:—"I feel that I should write you a few lines in praise of Clarke's Blood Mixture. I have been suffering these last few years with Eczema and Blotches, which prevented me following my occupation, and I can safely say I have spent scores of pounds in all sorts of other medicines. A little while ago, however, I was advised by a friend of mine who has taken Clarke's Blood Mixture to try a bottle, and to my great relief I am a new man and able at the present time to go on with my business, being now quite well. In fact, I cannot give it too much praise. You are at liberty to make what use you like of this testimonial for the benefit of others who may be suffering from the same complaint.

"December 29, 1899."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles at 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, viz.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases, by all CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND Counties Dispensary Company, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled Vendors. "Lincoln and Midland Counties Dispensary Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" shown on the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers. Contains Time Tables, Describes the Special Trains and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Coasting Routes to India and Red Sea Ports, and other useful Information. Price 1 Anna. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources, to be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Terminii.

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A CHOICE COLLECTION OF

TOYS, DOLLS, &c., &c.

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,
LEATHER GOODS,
SMOKERS' REQUISITES,
JEWELLERY,
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SKIN HORSES, TRICYCLES,
HAM, BACON and CHEESE.

WINE and SPIRITS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

CHRISTMAS CAKES.
PLAIN AND DECORATED.
INSPECTION INVITED.

MORENAS & CO.,
ICE CONFECTIONERS,
64, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.

A "CAUDLE" LECTURE.

MR. CAUDLE FORGETS TO BRING IN A FAVOURITE SPECIFIC.

"IT is just like you, Mr. Caudle, you never can remember anything specially wanted. Here I am, suffering as bad as bad can be, with fever, and not a thing in the house. Didn't I beg of you particularly to bring in a bottle of BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, or PILLS? Of course I did; and now you say you have forgotten them. You are very sorry, you wanted them yourself. I should think you did, indeed! coming home at 12 o'clock at night, after eating and drinking, goodness knows what, at that precious Club you are so fond of.

"If it had been Miss Prettyman, the minx! who had asked you to bring her a bottle, you would have remembered it fast enough, I'll be bound? You make no secret of admiring her complexion.

"What's that to do with it? A nice thing for a married man to say to his lawful wife, isn't it? Well, she told me she got rid of her fever by three doses of BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE, and she got back all that pink and white of her's by its use. That is better than paint! Then perhaps you mean to insinuate that I paint! Mr. Caudle, I shan't go to sleep like a dear soul. I have got the fever dreadfully and very likely won't get a wink all night. Not that you care, I might die of insomnia, or anything else, for all you'd trouble. You know well enough the only medicine in fever that is of any use to me is Batliwala's Ague Mixture or Pills. But of course I can't have any, if my life depends on it. You'll go out and knock up the Chemist? You will do nothing of the sort. Mr. Caudle, I won't be beholden to you, or the Chemist either. I'll struggle on till the morning. I will bear my pain in silence. What do you say! Thank Heaven for that! You unfeeling wretch! But of course you never had any sympathy with my sufferings—(Sobs, and gradually drops off murmuring "Batliwala's Ague Mixture and Pills.')"

To avoid a repetition of such a scene at the next night, Mr. Caudle at first thought to telegraph to DR. H. L. BATLIWALA of Dadur for a bottle of Batliwala's Ague Mixture, but remembering that MESSRS. TREACHER & Co., KEMP & Co., PHILIPS & Co., BEYNON & Co., &c., &c. also sell Batliwala's Ague Pills, as well as the Mixture, at Re. 1 per bottle, he went to one of them in person and brought home the latter. Needless to say that Mrs Caudle got rid of her fever in a day by its use, and Mr. Caudle slept soundly the next night.

DR. DE ROOS'
COMPOUND
RENAL PILLS

A speedily reliable remedy for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diseases of the Bladder, and such-like frequently harass the sufferers over the best years of life, and endlessly in agonising death. For weakness across the loins, scalds, or other deposits, they are indeed unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys; and by the use of these Pills a speedy cure will be effected in ninety nine cases out of one hundred. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. by all the principal Druggists and Merchants in India.

Purchasers are specially requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words "DR DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, or they may avoid worthless imitations.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ,
OR, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous & Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.

This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to indiscretion in early life, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the strictures and seclusion; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and impotency.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; Weakness across the Loins, Scalds or other Deposits, Discharges, and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally.—Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled.—13½d., and 2s. 9d., per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' MEDICINES bears the Government Stamp, with the words "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON" impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the *Medical Adviser*, by Dr. DE ROOS, containing 192 pages of information which every young man should possess, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, premature decay, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of twelve penny stamps (English or Colonial), by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, BOOKSELLERS COURT, HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C., or obtainable of any of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA,

PURE MILK COMBINED WITH WHEAT AND BARLEY MALT.

Full Nourishment, partly predigested. Sterilized.

Horlick's Malted Milk

THE BEST FOOD FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS IN ALL CLIMATES.

LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD.

IN POWDER FORM. KEEPS INDEFINITELY.

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

RAILWAY GUIDE

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

AS an unusually heavy demand for COPIES of the BOMBAY GAZETTE RAILWAY GUIDE published at the beginning of each month is expected next month, orders should be registered at the BOMBAY GAZETTE office, 18, Esplanade Road, at an early date. This RAILWAY GUIDE is the most useful published and in view of the extensive alterations in the TIME TABLES of nearly all the Railways in India should prove an indispensable reference in all large offices.

Price: Eight Annas per Copy. Annual Subscribers, Rs. 5.

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NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.,

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... £1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... £500,000
RESERVE FUND ... £3,75,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar.
Karrachee,	Rangoon,	Nowera Elya,	Mombasa
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

BANK OF UPPER INDIA, LIMITED,

NOTICES.

KING, KING & Co.,

BOMBAY.

KING, HAMILTON & Co.,

CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened free of charge for Commission, and interest at 2 per cent. per annum credited on 30th June and 31st December, when the minimum balance does not fall below Rs. 500. Currency Notes of all Circles and Demand, Hundies payable in Bombay received without charge.

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REMITTANCES TO THE UNITED KINGDOM, Drafts and Telegraphic, made at the current rates of Exchange, and advances in connection with the latter registered free of Charge through Messrs. HENRY S. KING & CO., 65, Cornhill, London.

LONDON:

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NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) ..... Rs. 15
Ditto (including postage to Europe) Rs. 15
Single Copy ..... As. 4

"Bombay Gazette" Office, 18, Esplanade Road.

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club, will be held at the Club House, on SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 5 P.M.

C. BOILEAU,
Hony. Secretary.

1st January, 1902.

WANTED.

A COMPETENT EXECUTIVE ENGINEER to take charge of the work of carrying out the drainage scheme for the Town of Ahmedabad. Pay Rs. 300 per mensem. Appointment likely to continue for about 2½ years. Apply sending copies of testimonials to the undersigned.

ON MR. J. CATE, M. Inst. C. E.,
Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government,
Public Works Department.

BOMBAY HORSE AND DOG SHOW.

THE above SHOW will be held on the 10th and 12th FEBRUARY next, instead of the 6th and 7th proximo, as advertised.

FIRST ENTRIES CLOSE on 27th instant.
SECOND ENTRIES CLOSE on 31st instant.
Prospectuses and all information can be obtained from the Undersigned.

W. P. KOE, Lieut, R. N.,
COLIN M. ROSS,
Hy. Hony. Secy. & Treas.

"The Old Secretariat," Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEES REQUIRE the SERVICES of an experienced ASSISTANT ENGINEER, on Rs. 150, rising by annual increments of Rs. 30 per mensem to Rs. 300 per mensem, plus Rs. 50 per mensem conveyance allowance.

Applications stating age and accompanied by copies of testimonials will be received up to 10th February by the Undersigned.

By Order of the Board,

W. N. SHILSTONE,
Secretary.

Office of the Improvement Trust, Albert Buildings, Hornby Road,
Bombay, 22nd January, 1902.

CITY AND GUILDS OF LONDON INSTITUTE.

TECHNOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS.

THE EXAMINATIONS of the above institute in any of the 70 tabulated subjects will be held in the month of May next. Particulars are contained in the programme of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, which will be sent on receipt of Four Annas by the PRINCIPAL. Applications for entry must be received not later than THURSDAY, 6th February, 1902.

Any candidates are eligible for these Examinations.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned has purchased the Goodwill and Assets of the business of Jam and Hardware Dealer carried on by the late HAJI GANI ALLANA under the style and firm of HAJI GANI ALLANA & Co., No. 194 Bangri Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay, and Moosa Haji Gani, Abdul Rahiman Haji Gani, Joosob Haji Gani and Jakabhai, the heirs of the said Haji Gani Allana and is the sole and absolute owner of the said firm of Haji Gani Allana. All persons having any business dealings with and owing any money to the said firm are requested to communicate with and come to settle the same with me, and all persons having any claims against the said firm of Haji Gani Allana are requested to send the same known in writing to the undersigned on or before the 31st instant, otherwise such claims will not be considered valid.

If any person hereafter deals with any one except the Undersigned in the name of Haji Gani Allana he will do so at his risk. Dated this 20th day of January, 1902.

સહી હુસેન અલાના દા૦ ચેતી.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Undersigned, the heirs and legal representatives of the late HAJI GANI ALLANA, have SOLD and TRANSFERRED to Mr. HOSEIN ALLANA the Good will and assets of the business of the firm of HAJI GANI ALLANA in Cutlery and Hardware carried on at No. 194, Bangri Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay. All persons are therefore requested to pay the sums due to the said firm of Haji Gani Allana and to communicate with him in connection with the business of the said firm of Haji Gani Allana.—Dated this 20th day of January, 1902.

સહી મુશા હાજી ગનીની શાર્ટ દા૦ ચેતી.

સહી અબ્દલ રેમાન હાજી ગની દા૦ ચેતી.

જુલેખાબાઈની નીશાની

મા મુશા હાજી ગનીની

TAYLOR HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS, POONA.

(SCHOOL RE-OPENS 15TH JANUARY 1902.)

HEAD MASTER:—Mr. M. B. DUKOFF GORDON, late Head Master, Allahabad Government High School and formerly Principal, Bareilly College, Examiner, Punjab University.

Assisted by Mr. A. S. OSBORNE, B.A., (Calcutta University) and a capable Staff.

TEACHES according to Government Standards up to Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University.

Best situation in Poona; spacious play ground; domestic management in care of English Lady.

For particulars or admission apply to HEAD MASTER or to

REV. D. OSBORNE,
Honorary Secretary.

ESTATE OF JOHN CAMPBELL, DECEASED.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons CLAIMING against the estate of JOHN CAMPBELL, late of Bombay, Architect and Engineer, who died at Bombay on or about the 15th day of October 1901 and Probate of whose Will was granted on the 13th day of January 1902, by THOMAS AUGUSTINE BLAND, the Sole Executor and Trustee named in the Will of the said deceased, are required to send in their claims to the undersigned at their Office, in Church Gate Street, Bombay, within one calendar month from the date hereof, at the expiration of which time the said Executor will hand over the assets in his hands to the person entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice.

All persons indebted to the Estate of the said deceased or having property belonging to him are required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the undersigned.

SMETHAM, BLAND AND NOBLE
Solicitors for the Executor.

Bombay, 14th January, 1902.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!

FOR SALE AND HIRE.

MESSRS. AHMED DEWJI & BROTHERS, High Class Upholsterers, Furniture Manufacturers, Suppliers to NATIVE PRINCES and GENTLEMEN, have the pleasure to Inform their Constituents and the Public that they are occupying new and extensive Premises, Nos. 10 and 11, Old Cadi Sheung, Chandni Road. They make and always have for immediate delivery all kinds of artistic furniture to Eastern taste and taste for Dining, Drawing, Office, and Bed-rooms. Also a large and varied stock of Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Perambulators, Bentwood Furniture, Specialities and Lamps, Dressing and Toilet Sets, &c., &c., of Standard Makers. Bungalows and Houses furnished on hire at short notice and moderate prices.

Up-Country ORDERS and different Contracts undertaken. INSPECTION and CORRESPONDENCE kindly solicited.

NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

12, BANK STREET,

THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES THE

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ALSO

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Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers.

FOR TERMS APPLY TO

VINCENT AND COMPANY.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

The Bombay mails of 14th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols ..... £94 1-16 = — 1-16
3 per cent. Bonus ..... £100 1-4 = unchanged
2½ per cent. Sterling Loan ..... 2/108 = do.
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities ..... £84 1-4 = plus 1-16
Gar Silver in London ..... 25 9-16 = plus 1-16
Do. New York ..... 55 3-8 = plus 1-8
Exchange on London at Paris ..... 25·12 = — 1-2
Do. New York ..... 4·86 3-4 = plus 1-8
Discount, Bank of England, 4 per cent. = plus 1-2
" Short London Bills 2 7-8 " = unchanged
" Indian Bank Bills 2 7-8 " = "

Extra Council Bills on Bombay Rs. 20,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.

Extra Council Bills on Calcutta, Rs. 200,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.

The Bank of England rate of discount is now 3 per cent.

Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet. Manchester was firm. Total sales 8,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for Export, 500 bales. Surats 50. Imports 13,000 bales. Spot 4 14-32 — 5-32. Arrivals closed steady.

Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Mar.-Apl.	June-July.	Sept. Oct.
4·64	4·64	4·64	4·64	4·12
—2	—1	—2	—1	—3

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	21,000 bales.
Do. last year	29,000 "
Exports to Great Britain	10,000 "
" to Continent	29,000 "
Mid-Uplands	3 5-16 plus 1-16
Futures, month of April	3·12 plus 1-100
Do. do. July	3·17 plus 11

Rapeseed Brown 88 1-4 Jan.-Feb. sellers, Tone dull.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending Wednesday show the following results :—

Total Bullion	£33,000,000	Inc. £1,000,000
Public Deposits	£ 8,490,000	Dec. £ 980,000
Other do.	£40,600,000	Dec. £1,400,000
Other Securities	£26,400,000	Dec. £ 400,000
Notes and Gold	£34,700,000	Inc. £1,200,000

The Bank's reserve is 43 per cent. of the liabilities.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, during the 48 hours ending at 9 p.m., on Thursday, the 23rd January, 1902 :—

Cotton	18,905	bales.
Wheat	11,034	"
Linseed	383	"
Rapeseed	10,644	"
Gingellyseed	9,039	"
Poppyseed	122	"
Ground nuts	1,503	"
Castorseed	5,507	"
Rice	1,700	"
Myrabolams	2,098	"
Cottonseed	9,276	"

BOMBAY, FRIDAY, JAN. 24.

THE heavy local receipts of cotton are now beginning to weigh upon the market, and prices have given way since last mail left. Some large shipments are in progress, against previous sales, both to Europe and the Far East, but new orders are not coming in, and while dealers are now pressing sales, buyers are showing indifference. The very heavy shipments to Japan, which have been made during the past month, and have been arranged for the near future, have caused a falling off in the enquiry from that country, and no new business is reported. Prices there, are said to have declined to some extent, and the outlook for the spot sale of the large consignments, which have been made, is rather gloomy at present. Of course, large legitimate business has been done, but the consignment business is reported to have been very much overdone in that market, and the supply largely exceeding the demand, prices have naturally fallen away. Up to the present time, these shipments to Japan and China have maintained local rates to considerably above the parity of Americas, laid down in Europe, and consequently business with the Continent has been very much curtailed : but if the decline continues, and Surats can be obtained at a fair level of rates, it is probable that Europe will enter the market, and shipments will increase. The advices from Liverpool and America throughout the week, have not shown any great fluctuations in prices, it is apparent that supplies for the present are ample and the market is not inclined to take any strong bear or bull tendencies until something more is definitely known with regard to this year's crop. Advices from the Punjab and the N. W. Provinces with reference to the growing wheat and seeds crops, are all satisfactory. More rain is urgently needed in those districts, and prices of the new crops are tending upwards. A fair rise has taken place in Linseed during the week, and dealers are not free sellers at the higher rates now current. Rapeseed has also been in slight demand. Arrivals of the new crop are commencing and a little business has been reported. Gingelly seed is slightly higher in price since last mail left, and there is a daily turnover in this article. The Freight Market has been very dull throughout the week. We hear of no fixtures of steamers, and the inquiry for forward shipment is very limited. Rates are a shade lower for actual business, but in the absence of enquiry quotations are unaltered. When the last mail left there was a very strong demand for money which has not yet been eased off to some extent. The action of the Secretary of State in Council during the week fully bears out the accuracy of the extract from "The Statist" made in our issue of the 21st ultimo, viz. that early in the year the Council may sell drafts in the extent required by the trade. The full allotments of telegraphic transfers received this week have relieved the banks, and it seems that a recurrence of the squeeze is unlikely. Since last mail left we have received in Bombay, Councils to the extent of 60·80 lakhs, of which 29 lakhs have been in transfers, and the balance in bills, by the two inward mails, which have since arrived. We have also received in gold coins from Australia 11·25 lakhs.

The allotment of Council Bills on Wednesday last, when seventy lakhs were put up for tender, resulted in 68 lakhs going in bills at Is. 4 1-32d., and 2 lakhs in transfer at Is. 4 3-32d. The total applications amounted to 1,450 lakhs. Extra allotments of 11 lakhs bills were made at Is. 4 1-16d. and the amount for next week was raised to 80 lakhs. It is currently believed that the Council will refer further telegraphic transfers before the next allotment, under Is. 4 1-8d. Exchange has been steady throughout the week with the usual one thirty-second fluctuation, but the volume of business actually put through has not been as large as we generally expect towards the end of January. Mercantile paper remains very scarce. Against shipments in progress most bills have been sold some time ago, and contracts are now being taken up. Forward business is either at a standstill, or merchants are holding back their bills, and the general feeling is that bills are not making just now. The small purchase of cotton by the Continent up to the present time, fully account for the paucity of sterling bills, and it is possible that heavy shipments may take place later in the season, when it is found that there is a limit to the quantity required by the Far East. In Rapee Paper prices have fluctuated somewhat during the week, following the course of the Money Market. The value of cash paper declined to 95-9 and closes at 95-13. There has been a fairly large business for the settlement passing in the market, and banks bought at the lower rates current during the week. For the March settlement sellers are scarce, as there is a strong feeling that prices will advance in the near future, when more is known regarding the approaching Budget.

In Imposts we have still a dragging market in Piece Goods. The bad news from the Punjab and N.-W. Provinces regarding the growing crops, does not help local dealers to place their stocks in those markets, and forward business seems impossible just now.

In Metals there is a better tone as the home advices regarding copper show some recovery from the lowest prices wired out, and the slump seems to be stayed. In iron also there is a slight increase in the up-country demand for Galvanized corrugated sheets.

EXCHANGE.

Early in the week there was a firm feeling in this market and Banks were willing sellers at Is. 4 3-32d. for telegraphic transfers and Is. 4 1-8d. for Demand. The enquiry at these rates for ready delivery was never very brisk, as there had been considerable purchases at one-thirty-second lower, and buyers had filled up their requirements. The allotments of telegraphic transfers by The Indian Council at Is. 4 3-32d. eased the market, and Banks then reduced their selling rates to Is. 4 1-16d. T.T. and Is 4 3-32d. D. For near forward delivery there has been some enquiry from the bazar which has been fully met by the Banks, but the actual amount of buying has not been very large. Mercantile sterling bills have been scarce during the week. At Is. 4 5-16d. for three months' sight credits, which was quoted when last mail left, very few were placed, and later on when Is-4 9-32d was available a few ready bills were sold. For forward delivery a small amount was done at Is-4 1-4d from 8th February to 8th March and at Is 4 7-32d from 8th March to 8th April. A fair amount of Japan bills have been sold during the week at 60 days' sight at 143 February and 143 1-2 March.

The following are the closing quotations for ready delivery :—

Bank T. T.	Is 4 1-16d.
Do. Demand	Is 4 3-32d.
3 months' sight credits	Is 4 9-32d.
Do. France	170 3-4
30 days' sight Hongkong	134 1-2
Do. Shanghai	183 1-2
Do. Japan	148 1-2

The Mail of 10th January, arrived in Bombay this morning brings silver to Bombay £250,000 and gold £10,000 and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	lakhs 33·10
Bombay	" 16·30
Madras	" 13·00 = 63·30 lakhs.

The Mail of 17th January due in Bombay about the 31st instant, brings silver to Bombay £70,000, and gold £10,000 and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	lakhs 31·40
Bombay	" 22·30
Madras	" 3·30 = 57·00 lakhs.

The Mail of 24th January due in Bombay about the 7th February brings silver to Bombay £130,000 and Gold £40,000 and the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta	lakhs 40·10
Bombay	" 22·30
Madras	" 17·50 = 31·40 lakhs.

MONEY.

The Bank of Bombay weekly statement, dated the 18th inst, shows a rise in the Trade Demand of 44·60 lakhs. Other deposits had decreased 21·18 lakhs and Credits undrawn 1·53 lakhs. On the assets side the following accounts showed an increase : Credit on securities 6·81 lakhs, Loans on ditto 5·69 lakhs and Bills discounted and purchased 9·39 lakhs. The Government Deposits had increased 11·38 lakhs, Banks investments decreased 11·38 lakhs, and the Cash Balance was 22·93 lakhs down. The Bank of Bengal weekly statement, dated 22nd inst, shows a rise of 4 lakhs in the Trade Demand. The Government balances declined 12 lakhs, cash at Head Office, increased 6 1-2 lakhs and at Branches decreased 14 1-2 lakhs. The Banks investments were 6 1-2 lakhs down, and Balance with other Banks 6 lakhs down. Both Presidency Banks have left the Bank rate unchanged at 7 per cent per annum. Early in the week there was a strong demand for money which has, to a certain extent, since died away owing to the large telegraphic transfers allotted. But notwithstanding all the funds received in Bombay since last mail left, there is still a good demand and fixed deposits for two months can be placed at 6 1-2 per cent. per annum. The large receipts of cotton cause the enquiry for money to be maintained, as heavy remittances are daily made up-country. It is to be noted that the out going mail carries a shipment of £500,000 sterling made by the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market has fluctuated in sympathy with the demand for money. Early in the week the rate for the near settlement declined to 25-12 but has since recovered to 26. A fairly large business has been transacted and there is a steady feeling in the bazaar. For the 3rd March settlement quotations have been 5 annas higher than for the 3rd February, and dealers are not willing sellers for forward delivery. The general tone is steady and the local market has been sustained by firmer advices from Calcutta. At the close we quote :—

25-14	cash.
25-0	3rd February.
25-3	3rd March.

The following are closing quotations :—

Bombay Port Trust 4 per cent repayable 1921 Rs. 101-4
Do. 4 do. do 1924 " 99-12
Bombay Municipal 3 do. do. 1926 " 97-4
debentures 4 do. do. 1938 " 97-4
Do 4 do. do. 1952 " 93-8
Bombay Improvement Trust 4 do. do. 1930 " 99-8

SHARES.

The Share Market has been quiet but steady during the week under report. Bank of Bombay shares are weak at 1253 1-2 cum dividend. Amongst Press shares Mofussils are being offered at 407 1-2, Berars at 540 and Indians at 150. In miscellaneous list Treachers have changed hands at 760, Kamps are steady at 307. Marcks at 138, Badham Piles at 156, Port Cannings are unchanged at 432 1-2. In Railway Companies Tapti Valley shares have improved to 395 and Ahmedabad Prantej to 560 Mill shares are steady. Davids are steady at 225 Chinas at 445, Currimbhoy at 545 Swadeshis and Centrals at 575 and 1,505.

BULLION.

The bazaar has purchased a good amount of silver during the week. There is a demand from upcountry and clearances of metal from the banks have been on a fair scale. There is little doing in gold.

COALS.

This market remains quiet. The business of the week includes resales of a few hundred tons of Deshergur ex dischrging steamer at Rs. 13-8 ; and a sale of a few hundred tons of Scotch coal December January shipment at Rs. 15.

PIECE GOODS.

The market continues quiet while prices remain unchanged. Deliveries are very slow and no indent business has been done, a few sales of ready goods in grey and whites are reported to have been done by firms, but the prices realized are far below the level of present Manchester quotations. There is a small enquiry for print and dyed goods, but the prices offered by upcountry buyers do not induce sellers to quit their dearly bought holdings.

YARNS.

EGYPTIAN.—Demand fair and prices steady.

LOCAL.—This week there has been an enquiry from China, particularly for 12s. and 16s, and prices are fairly maintained. Dealers are not selling as it is expected a good demand will spring up before the 8th February, which is New Year's day in China.

METALS.

Since writing our last week's report there has been a better feeling in Copper and Yellow Metal, principally owing to marriage festivities amongst the natives up-country, and a consequent demand from the interior. As steadier advices were received from home, dealers came in with their accumulated orders, and bought up all the ready stocks they could get, at prices equal to home quotations. With the combination amongst dealers there is practically no competition. After ready lots had been cleared they began to try for forward shipments, and altogether about two to three hundred tons of yellow metal sheets and about one hundred tons of copper sheets have been put through during the week. The iron market remains steady, but with the exception of a little business in G. C. sheets there is not much going on.

FREIGHT.

There is very little business to report in this market during the past week. The enquiry from shippers is very limited and even at reduced rates it is not easy to find buyers for forward shipment. Some rates have been made for Hamburg at 15s. 6d. Marseilles and Genoa at 14s. and Dunkirk at 14s. 3d., all January loading. For forward loading Antwerp has been booked at 14s. 3d. for March, and a few small lots for May open ports at 14s. 6d. No futures are reported since last mail.

SEEDS.

LINSEED.—There has been a firmer tone in this market and purchases of new crop have been made up to Rs. 9·3 for February, Rs. 8·14·6 for March and Rs. 8·12 for April-May. Ready stocks are very limited and quotations are nominal. The tone of the Market is steady.

RAPESEED.—In this article there has been little doing during the week. The first arrivals of the new crop are coming to hand and business has been done in small tape at Rs. 6·4. The tone is steady for forward delivery.

POPPY SEED.—Very little business reported during the week. Market firm at Rs. 8·6 for April-May.

CASTOR SEED.—Business done at Rs. 27·8 to Rs. 28. Market steady at the close.

GROUNDNUTS.—The market has been firm at Rs. 33 to Rs. 38·8 with little stock offered for sale.

GINGELLYSEED.—With a falling off in arrivals and diminishing stocks the tone of this market is firmer, and prices have risen since last mail left. There is a fair enquiry from shippers at the prices quoted below.

	Ready	April-May
Linseed Bold ..... Rs.	9·5	Rs 8 8
Bapeseed Brown Cawnpore .. "	6·7	5·8
Do " Delhi .... "	6·10	6·12
Do Yellow Cawnpore		6·15 to 7
Do Yellow Guzerat		7·9
Poppyseed ..... "	8·11	8·6
Castorseed ..... "	28	
Cottonseed ..... "	14·12	
Gingellyseed 15 per cent mixed 44 1-2		
Do 25 per cent mixed 44		
Do 35 per cent mixed 43 1-2		
Do 50 per cent mixed 42		
Groundnuts ..... "	38	

COTTON.

The market has been quiet during the past week, with the falling off in the inquiry from Japan, and easier advices from America and Liverpool. There has been little demand for shipment to Europe and the local mills have been buying from hand to mouth, and are not buying in stocks. But the mills have to buy against their requirements. The tone of the market is quiet, and there is a bearish feeling abroad. Receipts are heavy into Bombay and also into the upcountry markets ; dealers are much more disposed to meet buyers and remarkable offers are not refused. At the same time the pick of the crops has already gone forward, and present arrivals are not up in class to those which were coming to hand earlier in the season, and it is not probable that later arrivals will improve in this respect. The daily turnover at Colaba has not been large, but it must be remembered that a good deal of the cotton now coming in to Bombay has been bought upcountry by the local mills, whose purchases at Colaba are consequently diminished to the extent of such arrivals.

Official quotations of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, during the 48 hours ending at 9 p.m., on Thursday, the 23rd January, 1902 :—

Growths.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals, H.-G. (By. terms)	161	155	...	January
Bengals, M.-G. (By. terms)	172	163	...	"
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	172	166	...	"
Bolats, M.-G.	158	177	...	"
Khandeish, ...	...	171	...	"
Dhaorangunni Fallgaum	185	179	...	"
Jubbulpore (M. G.)	...	173	...	"
Acola do.				
Khamgaum do.	...	184	178	... "
Kamaja do.				
Oomra Good staple ...	191	185	...	"
Broach M.-G. ...	203	...	...	Jan., Feb.
Do do. ...	205	...	...	202 March 15, 25
Bhurnagger (M.G.) ...	...	...	...	181, May 15 25
S.-G. Dharwar ...	...	...	...	191 "
Westerns ...	...	...	...	181 "

COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales.
Receipts for the week	105,347
Receipts from 1st Oct to 15th Jan	739,268
Shipments for the week, to Europe ...	4,945
Do. China, Japan, and Coast Ports ...	30,090
Total	35,035

Shipments from 1st October to 15th Jan.—

Europe	26,257	
Japan	171,851	
China	40,458	
Coast Ports	3,806	
Total	298,112	
Afloat in Harbour for Europe	11,380	
China, Japan and Coast Ports	30,047	

Week's arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds :—

Cotton	107,233 Bales.
Wheat	75,587 cwts.
Linseed	3,937 "
Rapeseed	43,453 "
Gingellyseed	65,326 "
Poppyseed	1,070 "
Ground nuts	7,581 "
Castor seed	24,881 "
Rice	127,694 "
Myrabollams	31,747 "
Cottonseed	74,113 "

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half Yearly Divid.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	1,60,000	100	all	12 p. c.	1,259
Bank of Bengal	1,40,000	50	all	10 pr. ct.	1,345
Bank of Madras	1,40,000	50	all	8 pr. ct.	1,030
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India,	1,60,000 / 16,000	100	75	nil	50
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Charter Bank, Hongkong and Shanghai	10,000	1620	620	10 pr. ct.	237·10
Banking Corporation,	80,000	Mol. 125	all	41-10-0	251 1-2
National Bank of India,	40,000	625	312·5	2 dvd 10 pr nom;	

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Bombay Baroda & Central India Ordinary Stock	2100	—	—	—	—
Do. New 4% Shares	—	630	—	—	—
Ahmedabad Prantej Junction Railway Co.	60	90	—	5 pr. ct.	560
Tapti Valley Railway Co.	100	800	—	4 pr. ct.	196

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bazar Assurance Co.	11,750	100	100	1 dvd Rs 10	210	
Bank of Bombay	1,750	500	250	Nil	1271	
Bombay Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	4,000	—	—	Nil	260	
Bombay Baroda & Central India Trading Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	115	
Bombay Cotton Manufacturing Co.	4,000	200	178	21	307	
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	300	7 dvd 450	6,930	
Do. New Bank of Bombay Ltd.	500	370	222	dvd 112½	1,760	
Mfg. Co. Ltd.	11,250	60	100	6 pr. ct.	52	
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ltd.	400	500	500	5 pr ct	34	
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	25	320	
Ocean Paper Mills	5,000	500	500	Nil	330	
Bombay Dairy and Northern India Mills Co. Ltd.	600	250	250	dvd Rs 8	13·5	
Bombay Land & General Mills Co. Ltd.	24,000	250	250	6 p 16	52½	
Empire of India Life Assurance Co. Ltd.	392	500	50	—	53	
Indian Guarantee & Surety Co. Ltd.	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	130	
John Roberts & Co.	2,000	100	100	10 pr. ct.	17	
Kamp & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	145	
Kurrachee Landing	4,000	200	178	21	307	
Madhavji Dharamsi & Co. Ltd.	4,000	500	200	0	33	
Napier Hotel	4,000	125	100	dvd Rs 10	132	
Napier Foundry	2,000	100	1	2 pr. ct.	33	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Assurance Co. Ltd.	1,000	100	3	—	9	
Phillips & Co.	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	130	
Port Canning Co.	4,000	100	100	Nil	25	
Sassoon & Co.	6,000	600	600	dvd Rs 10	450	
Treasher & Co.	2,000	500	1,000	20 dvd	20x2	
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500		dvd Rs 30	750	
Telephone Co.	1,500	100		dvd Rs 8	160	
	1,200	251		1	27	

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	1200	21,000	1,250	125	1,350
Albert Ginning and Manufacturing Co.	100	500	all.	18 p. c.	600
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	2 Rs. 80	800
Bhownagger Ubby Press	157	1,000	1,000	4 p. Rs 20	1,800
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co. Ltd.	650	350	350	25	375
Bombay Cotton Screwing Co.	1,000	115	125	Infl.	514
Broach Cotton Press	600	200	200	dvd R25	197·4
Broach Oil Press Co., Ltd	1600	200	220	Nil	185
Dakshina	900	1,250	1,250	dvd Rs 15	310
East India Cotton	350	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 50	1,270
English Press and Manfg.	1402	200	—	dvd Rs 9	60
Ezra	1,200	1,000	500	dvd Rs 50	755
French Press	300	500	500	dvd Rs 50	485
Harvey and Shapoorjee Cotton Press Co. Ltd.	2466	150	93·5	dvd Rs 30	457
Hingun Press	750	100	100	Rs 30	145
Hutmull Co.	1000	1,000	1,000	dvd Rs 50	480
Mercantile	600	125	125	dvd Rs 5	80
Motisuff Co.	1,000	400	400	dvd Rs 50	4071
Muncherji	1,500	400	400	dvd Rs 50	1071
New Bora	90	500	500	dvd Rs 50	577
New Indian	250	125	125	dvd Rs 10	150
Shapoorjee Broacha	1200	500	90	dvd Rs 30	376
Shapoorjee Cotton Manufacturing Co. (Bellary)	600	250	70	30	42
Standard	2000	500	500	30	1551
Tata and Pandya Co.	1000	1,000	1,000	125	283
Surat Cotton Press Co., Ltd.	400	1,000	750	30	145
	37	250	all	— Rs. 75	980

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Half Yearly.	
Alliance	1,500	1,100	all	3	80
Anglo-Indian	1,319	—	—	Nil	12
Bombay Manufg. Co., Ltd	1,750	500	200	Nil	1271
Bombay United	4,000	—	1,000	Nil	260
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co.	4,000	250	500	dvd Rs 30	421
Bribandhan Mills	1,0	1,000	1,000	Nil	2·0
Central India	1,0	500	500	Rs 75	1503
China Mills Co. Ltd.	5	1,000	1,000	11	145
City of Bombay Mills	5 0	1,000	1,000	Nil	500
Dhanraj Mills	500	500	500	25	370
Coorla Land	14 000	700	—	—	405
Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	375
Currimbhoy Mills	20	1,000	1,000	Nil	545
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Nil	225
Empress	1,000	500	500	Nil	150
Hamjetsee	2,250	1,000	1,000	Nil	330
Hindustan	375	1,000	1,000	Nil	145
Hing Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	100	500	500	40	870
Howard and Bullough's	1,500	500	500	25	315
Ispat Steel	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	60
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	1,000
Imperial Cotton	1,000	500	500	Nil	110
Jacob Sassoon Mfg. Co.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil	270
Jude Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	700	1,000	1,000	Nil	22
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	Nil	220
Jaffer Alli	500	500	500	Nil	220
Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Weaving Co.	1,000	2,500	300	7 dvd 450	6,930
Jeevraj Baloo Spinning and Weaving Co.	350	1,000	1,000	Rs 15.	2,800
Kaiser-i-Hind	4,000	1,000	1,000

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THIS WINE is produced solely from grapes grown in the district of Saint-Julien in a vineyard the property of Messrs. LECHARD FILS. This is a guarantee in itself of its purity, and permits the growers to recommend it as a thoroughly
SOUND and GENUINE LIGHT WINE.
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THE NATURAL and ONLY GENUINE CARLSBAD SALT, in Crystal or Powder, is prepared from the water of the famous Sprudel Spring at Carlsbad. Largely prescribed in all Diseases of the Liver and Spleen, Diabetes, Chronic Constipation, Gallstones, Gout, &c. To avoid artificial preparations, see that the wrapper bears the signature of the SOLE IMPORTERS, INGRAM and ROYLE Ltd., London. Of all Chemists and Stores.
Sole Wholesale Agents for India,
STANLEY OAKES & CO.,
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M. BRESLAUER & Co.
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS & DECORATORS,
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HAVE OPENED BUSINESS at the above Address, and have on view some of the Choisest and Newest design of :—
Furniture, Silks, Tapestries, Cretonnes, Art Muslins, Curtains, Carpets, Table Linens, Iron and Brass Bedsteads, Towels, Blankets, Plated Ware, Cutlery and Glassware, Dinner and Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, and Pottery, Leather Bags, Travelling Trunks, Rugs, Hinks, Lamps of all descriptions.
PATTERNS, PRICE LISTS, AND DESIGNS SENT ON APPLICATION.
ALL ORDERS WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

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ROYAL INDIAN, JAIPUR, RALEIGH, PROGRESS, &c.
CYCLES, MOTOR-CARS, PHONOGRAPHS, ACCESSORIES, RUBBER TYRES, ELECTRICAL FANS, &c., of latest and best Makes.
The Largest Cycle-Factory in India for building enamelling, nickel-plating, repairing, &c.
371, GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS, BOMBAY.
41, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

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ART JEWELLERS
AND
SILVERSMITHS
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SUITABLE FOR
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The Popular No. 5 Model with Brass Horn, London Price £6-2-0.
Rs. 82/8.
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FORT, BOMBAY,

RIDING & JODHPORE BREECHES
PERFECTION OF FIT & COMFORT GUARANTEED.

WASHING MATERIALS	from	Rs. 10-8
BEST WOOLLEN WHIP CORDS	from	Rs. 28-0
STOUT ELASTIC RIDING TWEEDS	from	Rs. 33-0
JODHPORE BREECHES	from	Rs. 12-8
RIDING SCARFS	from	Rs. 1-12
RIDING CANES	from	Rs. 1-8

Asquith & Lord
OPP. CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

NOTES.
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FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND
POLICY
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TODARMAR.
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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Claverdon, 2,695 tons, Captain F W Parker, sailed yesterday, for Shanghai, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Raithmoor, 1,999 tons, Captain J Ashley, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening, from Cape Town, 28th instant, in ballast. The vessel is Consigned to Mr R A Willis.

THE Hall Line steamer Aston Hall, 3,372 tons, Captain C McFee, sailed yesterday for Australia and Java ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Captain D W Sutherland, Mr N Aron and one deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Khandalla, 1318 tons, Captain W H Hill, will sail to-day for Calcutta via Coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs Morgan, Mr Morgan, Mr Simons, Mr N Pereira, Mr and Mrs Munoherjee and 2 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, sailed yesterday, for Karachi, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr and Mrs Farmer, Miss A Hadley, Mr G Smith, Mr Groondaro, Mr Dhoor, Dr Desai, Mr Rome, an Mr Castle. Mr J D Casson and 90 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Simla, 1,369 tons, Captain T M Whitehead, which arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, brought a general cargo 21 cases opium, and the following passengers :—Mr Simons, Mr J W Brown, Mr S E Greams 5 natives, and 49 deck.

THE Japan Mail Steamship Co's steamer Kagoshima Maru, 4,718 tons, Captain K Kori, arrived in harbour yesterday from Yokohama, 24th December, via inter-medio ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs Tsukujima and child, Mr W Welch, Mr S Welch, and 55 deck. During the voyage she experienced general fine weather, with moderate monsoon.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JAN. 24.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

Minto ..... Hendley ..... R I Marine
H M S Assaye ..... Lamber ..... Torpedo G'boat
a Torpedo Boat No 100 ..... Lt Comdr J U S Hughes, R N ..... ---
a Do No 103 ..... Lt Comdr W P Goss, R N ..... ---

INDIAN DEFENCE RESERVE.

H M S Aby sinia ..... Turret-ship
4 Torpedo Boats ..... ---
a Indian Defence Ships, ---

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Dass. Agent.
H M S Pomone	3135	Simons		Royal Navy
H M S Plassey				Torpedo G'boat
H M S Magdala		Hewett, R N		Turret Ship
Tenasserim				Receiving Hulk
Neakoping (Sque)	533	Mattson		Gwen & Okell
Flor de Mar (schr)	131	Nacoda		
Rajputana	1312	Robinson		M M & Co
Jelunga		Hutchinson		M M & Co
Valentia	211	Richards		A Monteshoff
Kangra	1476	Sharpe		M M & Co
Epirus	2117	Theophelates		P & O Co
Khandalla	1318	Hill		M M & Co
Caledonia	5539	Gordon	London	P & O S N Co
Indra	3223	Crawen		M M & Co
Umballa	3413	Wilson	Calcutta	M M & Co
Pallanza	1984	Le Marchand	Zanzibar, &c.	M M & Co
St Kilda	2269	Caffrals		Bombay Co
Valetta	2271	Cutler	Cons	P & O Co
Peuthe	935	Martyr		M M & Co
Sirdhana	1039	Whitehead		do
Arabia	4167	Parfitt		P & O Co
Kaeonditsze Maru	781	Keri		N G Kaisha
Henry Bolckow	640	Moloney		P & O Co
Bordeswald	1982	Craig		Bombay Co
Ondina	3410	Tucker		M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—JANUARY 24.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
B	Clan Ogilvy	1614	Paterfield			F M & Co
C	Alcanja	2769	Peterson	Hamburg	27-1	Glade & Co
F	Rosalia	3370	Smith	Japan		M M & Co
H&J	Raithmoor	1999	Ashly			R A Willis
K	Mafia	2133	Archer	Hamburg	4-2	W & A G & Co
N	Dilwara	2760	Goodall		23-1	B N & Co
P	Claverdon	2695	Parker	Shanghai	21-1	W & A G & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Mahanadi	547	Hoosenice	Karachi	25-1 Slipd & Co
Ponani	554	Mahomed	Mangalore	24-1 do
Sabarmati	624	Ibrahim	Bhavnagar	25-1 do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel's	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
2	Vienna	2653	McDougall		27-1	F M & Co
3	Nilo	1548	Stakie	Venice	27-1	G Bazziano
4	Orvieto	3351	Mcintosh	Japan	1-1	M M & Co
5	Lord Kelvin	2232	Steel	Dunkirk	31-1	M M & Co
6	Ballarat	2350	Peters	China	7-1	P & O Co
7	Moravia	2168	Moncur	Friedrichsort	29-1	A L S N Co
8	Imperator	3320	Androvich	Trieste	1-2	A L S N Co
9	Aston Hall	2121	McFee	Liverpool	24-1	K N & Co
15	Burma	1971	Valentine		5-2	K N & Co
16	Georgian Prince	3078	Flint	Marseilles	31-1	E L & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Dwarka	759	Rothwell		24-1 M M & Co

MERREWETHER DRY DOCK.

Safari	821	Tope	Zanzibar	3-2 A Strandes

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
23	Moravia s	Weenie	Trieste, Dec 29
	Gulnare s	Ashby	Aden to Dover, Dec 28
	Simla s	Whitehead	Bushire, Jan 11
24	Arabia s	Parfitt	London, Jan 3
	Kagoshima Maru	Kori	Yokohama, Dec 24

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Janeta s	Ford	Antwerp
	Dwarka s	Rothwell	Karachi
	Tavendon s	Parker	Shanghai
	Aston Hall s	McFee	Marseilles
	Armenian (trpt)	McConkey	Durban

THE steamer Khandalla, Captain Hill, obtained her port-clearance yesterday, for Calcutta via Coast ports.

THE following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—
Steamer Safari, for Zanzibar, &c.
" Moravi, for Trieste, &c.
" Clan Ogilvy, for Hull, Dunkirk, &c.
" Valentia, for London, Hamburg, &c.
" Benwala, for China.
" Haithmoor, for Port Said.
" Epirus, for Marseilles, Genoa, &c.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessels.	Arrived from
4	Baron Cowdor	Calcutta
13	Belmont Bridge	London
14	Flamingo	Calcutta
14	Scharlachberger	Brunen
14	Clan Gordon	
21	R I M S Canning	Singapore
21	Zafia	Rangoon

DAILY IMPORTS—JANUARY 24.

FROM GLASGOW.

Hispania s—5 cases rum, H J Rustomjee and Co; 51 cases whisky, D Cowasjee; 31 cases confectionery, A H Nurse-ally; 15 cases confectionery, J J Cooper; 15) hogsheads ale, Robins in Morrison and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Aston Hall s—83 cases soap, &c, M Kooka and Sons; 125 cases ale, H J Rustomjee and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Wennington Hall s—3 hogsheads whisky, H J Rustomjee and Co.

Peninsular s—20 cases whisky, H J Rustomjee and Co; 8 cases still wine, C H B Forbes and Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

Beira s—12 cases clocks, E Heesoff.

FROM HAMBURG.

Gollenfels s—2 hogsheads tobacco, H D Dalabhoy.
Schwarzenfels s—5 hogsheads tobacco, D Cowasjee.

BOMBAY SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY 25th JANUARY.
Time and Order of running.

1st Race—The Maiden Plate, 3-5 p.m.
2nd Race—The Selling Plate, 3-30 p.m.
3rd Race—The Chinchpogoly Stakes, 3-55 p.m.
4th Race—The Sydney Plate, 4-20 p.m.
5th Race—The Handicap Sweepstakes, 4-50 p.m.
6th Race—The New Market Plate, 5-15 p.m.
7th Race—The Winter Plate, 5-45 p.m.
By kind permission of Officer Commanding and Officers, 21st Bombay Infantry, their band will play during the afternoon.

A Special Train leaves :—

	Local Time.
Colaba	2-20 p.m.
Church Gate	2-35 p.m.
Grant Road	2-46 p.m.
Arrives at Mahalaxmi	2-51 p.m.

HORSES STRUCK OUT.

The Chinchpogoly Stakes—Foreigner.
The Hopeful Stakes—Mecumona and Howija.
The Mardon Plate—Manilla, Sir Visto and Silver Fox.
The Sydney Plate—Miss Bristow.
The Selling Plate—Sweet William and Magistrate.
The Welter Plate—Feeroze, President, Magistrate and Manilla.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"*" All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
SATURDAY, JANUARY 25, 1902.

THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

IT is depressing to read in the "Asiatic Quarterly" what is practically a dirge over the decadence of "The Indian Civil Service as a Career." Mr. W. Egerton, who himself has reached half way on its high-road, does not write in an utterly pessimistic spirit, yet he leaves the reader under the impression that any one who selects the Indian Civil Service as a career is making the best of a very indifferent service. The writer does not pose as a disappointed man, he even gives a gentle dig at the individual with a grievance, thus showing that he is free from any such absorbing care, and yet when he has said his say, it is clear that he has eaten of the Dead Sea Fruit, and finds its ashes on his lips. It is not that the personnel of the Service has decaded since the new rules have come into force. Mr. Egerton is of opinion that these have worked well, and though "those who came out under the former regulations are not required to admit that the later class of civilians were better than themselves or more capable, the fact remains that these later examinees have received the benefit of a better education, and have had that opportunity of distinguishing themselves in the Honours Schools at Oxford and Cambridge which was denied to most of their immediate predecessors." The previous system of entrance examinations imposed on the ordinary candidate a special course of preparation which could hardly be successfully attained without the assistance of the crammer. This entailed leaving school at the very time when it was most likely to benefit the student in a general way. The new rules allow the young man to acquire a liberal education and send him to one of the Universities for a couple of years, where he can follow the course of study prescribed for the Civil Service Examination and aim at Honours as well. This plan throws more responsibility on the shoulders of parents or guardians and lightens that of the State, which has nothing to disburse until the young civilian has passed into the ranks of the service. This is no inconsiderable saving every year. But the time spent in qualifying is quite as long as for any of the learned professions, the gate of entrance is narrow, and for those who fail, there are not many roads left open to turn to on which a living can be made proportionate to the expense and in which they can utilise the specialised education they have received. Does the Indian Civil Service offer a good-enough reward at the end of several years' hard study, and does it bear comparison with the chances the same men would command at the bar, in the medical profession, in the army, in engineering or in diplomacy? The number of young men that run the race for its prizes is as great as ever, and there must be still some solid promise in the career that draws them, or else the traditional glamour has not yet faded from the East. The pension that all may earn is undoubtedly one of the loadstones. It is a substantial certainty. The pay to be earned while still young is not small, and it comes regularly and with a punctuality that the most talented briefless barrister might envy. But there is hard work, there are lonely stations, there are constant moves, there is often a heavy and possibly a thankless responsibility in hard times, from which indeed Civilians do not shrink, but which soon makes staid and sober men of the most youthful and cheery. Nevertheless the Service has many charms and advantages.

The District Officer may be hard-worked abroad and may be burdened with records and reports in office, he may have to fight plague and famine, his duties may be of the most varied and complex nature, but his work is absorbing and it is not all worth the trouble. This in itself makes the service a career for men of grit and talent, and as Mr. Egerton says, such work "produces intellectual development and forms character, and provides the Civil Service Officers with really important and interesting work at a comparatively early age." He holds, however, that good as the pay is, and the pension, too, it is now inadequate, as compared to the good old times. The work is heavier and the expenses are greater. The pension is more or less balanced by the monthly fund-deductions from the pay. The salary in the early years is good, if the Civilian is unmarried. But later when he draws more pay, he is the head of a family and needs change to England to counteract the effects of the climate, and this more than counterbalances the increment to his salary. After fourteen years of real hard work, he may in the ordinary course expect to draw Rs. 1,500 per mensem, less income-tax and pension deductions. He would then be thirty-eight years of age, and though the salary reads large on paper, it has to "meet a very heavy outlay, entailed by his position, his duties, and his family. He is expected to entertain well, and be perennially hospitable, he must subscribe to everything that needs help, the prestige of the service demands it, he must have a long roll of servants,—Mr. Egerton says twenty, and he is not far wrong,—and in order to supervise his district, he must keep at least three horses, and a couple of vehicles. At any moment he may be ordered elsewhere, to "act," or to hold another appointment. It does not always mean promotion, and even if it does, the move means a destructive expenditure in selling off and buying anew for he never is by any chance ordered next door. We have heard of instances when the exigencies of the service resulted in an alteration of orders after the unfortunate civilian had already sent on his family, kit and horses to the place he had been posted to, but a subsequent vacancy altered all that, and the kit had to be set down and sold anyhow, for the cost of transport to the new destination was prohibitive. Furlough can be taken in fair measure, but it is on half pay, and journeys home are expensive. Indeed, the married Indian Civilian is little better off than the most ordinary mortal who comes to India to earn a living.

In years gone by serious writers held that the "heaven-born" could easily save £30,000 out of his salary in twenty-five or thirty years' service. But those days are fled, and we doubt if accumulating this pile ever could have been compatible with fulfilling the obligations of his position—and now "if he can scrape enough together out of his pay to cover the expenses of furlough or privilege leave he has done reasonably well" says Mr. Egerton. There are of course, and here are the true guiding-stars, the higher grades of the service, where a civilian runs up the executive side and becomes Lieutenant-Governor or on the judicial side, where he seats himself on the High Court Bench. The former is greater in both pay and importance, but its duties are heavy and its social obligations proportionate. The moment of retirement may mean rest, but it also means comparative obscurity and a terrible come-down in the world. For what is there at home, which a retired Lieutenant-Governor can get, no matter what his talents are, or what his success in India may have been. His pension is no greater than if he had remained in the lower ranks of the covenanted civilian. His expenditure during the years he drew his Lieutenant-Governor's salary of £10,000 a year or so, left him no chance to save. Had the same man risen at the bar at home, or been a successful politician or physician or surgeon or general, as most probably such a man would have become, what a far better prize he would have drawn! The path of glory in his Indian career leads inevitably to the grave question how to live decently on his moderate pension when he retires. The cares and the pleasures of administering a great Province are indeed great enough to keep this view of the future in the background, the successful Civilian who reaches this high goal is of too good mettle to let it depress him or interfere with his daily work, while to the rising man the chance of such a post gilds all his dreams and is truly a prize worth waiting and working for. The few great positions that are open to all are the heights that lend enchantment to the prospects that the Civil Service offers. The rupee may not be what it was, the expense of living may be greater, sordid cares may be more pressing than in the early days of the competition-wallah, but the work is just as interesting, the country requires as good men, the scope for individual talent and unwearying energy is as great as it ever was, perhaps greater in the greater complexity of the many new social departures all over India. The best men will still be drawn to India and will give her of their best, and in time, we may hope with Mr. Egerton, that "a successful public life spent in India will approximate more closely to a successful public life in England, and will be crowned with the same rewards at its close." May this era soon dawn!

KIPLING'S NEW POEM.

THE prophet's rage and the poet's frenzy are not always conducive to accuracy of statement. The Psalmist repented that in his haste he declared that all men are liars, and we imagine that Mr. Rudyard Kipling should feel some compunction for his hasty reference to "flannelled fools at the wicket" and "the maddied oafs at the goals." The sentiment and aim of his poem, addressed to "The Islanders," the full text of which is brought by the mail, are excellent. But in his wrath he permitted himself to clothe his ideas in words which are too picturesque to be truthful, and too violent in denunciation to be greatly heeded. A poem which might have been effective to rouse the British people to realise dangers which undoubtedly exist has, in our judgment, been spoiled by an unpoetic imagery and by a presentment of the case which can only be hailed with satisfaction by the enemies of England. Kipling meant well, but it is questionable whether his latest set of couplets should ever have seen the light. There is sufficient truth in the effusion to make the distorted view of things which it reflects all the more painful. Kipling has essayed the role of the scriptural prophet, but the combination of Isaiah and Jeremiah with the author of "Barrack Room Ballads" is not too successful. In prophetic utterances the sanity of the oracle is invariably tempered by his madness, and it has always been difficult for average folk to decide how much of the deliverance is inspired and how much is due merely to hallucination. In these circumstances people decline to pay much attention to prophecies, a fact which is to be regretted because of the amount of truth which they may contain. The modicum of truth in Mr. Kipling's latest effort is in its allusion to the danger, not of actual athleticism but of the pursuit by the mass of the people of mere excitement. It is not sport or the apotheosis of athletes that constitutes the grave peril to the nation, but the indifference of so many of the people to all but amusement. The crowds who throng the race courses, football and cricket grounds, have, for the most part none but a gambling interest in the contests they rush to witness. It is not the "flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddied oafs at the goals" who suggest the evil that needs to be guarded against. That was a most unfortunate phrase, for it has distracted attention from the point which this descriptive smartness was intended to emphasise. When the call for volunteers came, the cricketers and football players stood forth in as great, if not greater, proportion than the rest of the community. It were well, indeed, if there were more actual players and fewer spectators on the peacefully constituted fields at home. A comparison of the poet's statements with the news of the day shows us that it is not the active pursuit of sport that is to be feared. "The Younger Nations," whom Kipling most incorrectly declares we "fawned on" for the men who could shoot and ride, can beat the old country at her own games; and if any analogy is to be drawn between sport and war, there is ample evidence that the men who excel in the one are likely to excel in the other.

But, indeed, in his most recent effort the author of "Lest we Forget" is neither just to himself nor to the nation which hitherto he has lauded to the skies. Possibly it is the function of a patriotic poet to suggest that we have been beaten in South Africa. But no amount of facility in rhyme can make us believe there is truth in the lines "Then was your shame revealed, at the hands of a little people, few but apt in the field," or that we were "saved by a remnant." We were unprepared for the war, but that was not the fault of the English people at whom Kipling sneers. And for all the denunciation of the boasters and jingoes, whose sentiments Kipling himself has done much to foster, it is undoubted that England throughout this war has displayed the same firm and dogged character as of old. Compulsory military service in some form may ultimately be requisite, but the people have shown by their readiness to volunteer their willingness to undertake any burden which may be necessary. But on the evidence supplied by the poet it is not quite clear that the burden need be so heavy as he would make it. He demands that each man born in the island shall be broken to the matter of war and requires each man born in the island "to be entered at youth at the games." That may be essential for military officers but if we are to rede the lesson given us "at the hands of the little people, few but apt in the war," it is that the burden of continental militarism is unnecessary. Rather does it suggest that we want more sport of the deer slaying order, for the Boer learned his war in the chase and the men of the "Younger Nations" met him effectively in the field because the exigencies of their lives called for the same arts and qualities that he had acquired. Looking at the matter, however, without regard to the poet's rhyme or peculiar reason, it is clear that any European Army, whether raised by compulsory enlistment or otherwise, would have had the same difficulties in South Africa that we have experienced. Moreover, we have the declarations of foreign military experts that no other army in Europe could have overcome the difficulties of warfare on the veld against so skilful and dogged an enemy in the way that our troops have done. If it be true that the striplings were sent to the war, the testimony is the highest vindication of the Briton's natural aptitude for warfare. True, we picked our men from the streets, as a fact we always do. True, we sent them to the war with little training. But their behaviour on the field shows how little actual need there is for any rigid and oppressive system of compulsory service. True, there were deserters, as there were bound to be, but our men displayed a courage, constancy and humanity amid danger, privation and terrible sufferings that have been the admiration of the friendly world and the discouragement of our enemies. The conduct of our army in South Africa has amply proved of what England is capable if she is seriously set upon warfare, and she requires no hasty poet to counsel her in angry strains upon her future conduct. Some defects in the national armour have been revealed by the shocks of the campaign in South Africa, but the querulous attacks of a wrathful singer will scarcely help us to remedy them. They are engaging the attention of more practical persons who do not think it necessary to denounce the people who have borne patiently the costly results of statesmen's blunders and can even tolerate the licensed language of a versifier.

THE THIRD TEST MATCH.

REUTER'S announcement that the Australians have won the third test match at Adelaide by four wickets is yet another instance of the grand uncertainties of the game. On the result of the first three days' play, MacLaren's team held a decided advantage. They led by 67 runs in the first innings, and increased this lead to 165 runs for the loss of only one wicket in their second innings by putting on 98 runs. Up to the fall of the fifth wicket they continued to do well, the total then being 204, giving them a lead of 271 runs with five wickets to fall. The Australian bowlers, however, at this stage performed so successfully, that the remaining batsmen could only add 43 to the total, the innings closing abruptly for 247. This performance, although disappointing after the fine start made by the Englishmen in their second innings left MacLaren's team with a commanding lead, the Australians being set the not easy task of having to make 315 runs in the fourth innings of the match to win. All now depended upon the measure of success the English bowlers met with. That they performed disappointingly is shown by the result, The Australians gradually assumed the upper hand and reduced the lead held by the Englishmen to 113 for the loss of only four wickets. Even then the match was not lost had Barnes, Blythe, and Braund bowled with anything like the form they showed in the first two test matches. It was not to be, however, and the Australians hit off the remaining runs necessary to win for the loss of two additional wickets. Full details are not yet to hand, but the various telegrams show that Braund (103 not out), and Hayward (90) of the Englishmen, and C. Hill (97) of the Australians, met with great success. Australia has had the best of the rubber so far, having won two matches to England's one, and MacLaren's team will have to win the remaining matches if the "ashes" are to be brought back to England.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor of Bombay yesterday afternoon formally opened the Framjee Dinshaw Petit Sanatorium, Cumballa Hill.

A CORRESPONDENT writes complaining of the manner in which the business of the Stamp Office is transacted, but we hope it will not be necessary to publish his long statement. We can, however, testify to the want of despatch in the business of the office, for no longer ago than yesterday a messenger was sent from this office with a document to be stamped and registered at 11 in the forenoon. He was detained until 3-30 and then told to return today at 11. Clearly there is cause for complaint.

BEFORE the Appeal Court, composed of Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Starling, yesterday, further evidence was heard on certain points in the appeal and cross appeal filed by the Bombay Tramway Company and the Municipal Corporation from the decision given by the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton on the 26th September last. It will be remembered that on the 13th inst., Mr. F. C. Rimington, the managing director of the Tramway Company, was examined before their lordships; and yesterday Mr. W.D. Sheppard, acting Municipal Commissioner, Mr. M. N. Wadia, Municipal Secretary, and Mr. D. E. Wacha, President of the Municipal Corporation, were examined. At the close of the evidence, Mr. Inverarity, for the Tramway Company, contended that the effect of the evidence was to show that one of the documents which ought to have been disclosed in the affidavit of documents had not been produced in the lower court. That document showed that the Municipality were carrying on their negotiations with the company for and on behalf of Mr. Bingham. It was proved that, at the meeting of the Corporation held on the 13th June, the members knew of the arrangements made by Mr. Harvey with the Tramway Company, which continued to work under that arrangement. Their lordships reserved their judgment, which will probably be delivered on Friday next.

Colonel Fenn, Surgeon to the Viceroy, proceeds Home on five months' leave in March. Captain Armstrong, I. M. S., Resident Surgeon in Nepal, officiating for him.

THE Conference in Calcutta regarding the revision of the curriculum of the Chief's Colleges will last all next week. The Viceroy will preside at the opening meeting, and will speak on the subject.

A COMPANY is being formed in Ceylon for the purpose of inspecting steam "motor lorries" and to institute services of such between certain districts in the island, where there is a great want of proper passenger and transport facilities.

THERE will be a big surplus in the Indian Budget accounts at the close of the current financial year in spite of the expenditure on famine in Bombay and exceptional military expenditure. This will be the result mainly of the savings due to the absence of troops in South Africa and China.

THE Government of India in the Foreign Department, has notified regarding the offer of presents by Native

...MS.

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...AFRICA.

...LS MADE.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

...question in the House ... peace proposals had been ...ble to speak on behalf of the ...

LONDON, JAN. 24.

A hundred and fifty Boers surprised 25 Yeomanry, who were guarding some native labourers at Lindiquespaait a stubborn resistance was made, but the Yeomanry were obliged to surrender with one killed and seven wounded. Six Boers were killed and four wounded.

The blockhouse system is almost complete from Kerkedorp to Zeerust and will probably be extended to Mafeking.

THE BAGDAD RAILWAY QUESTION.

THE PERSIAN GULF TERMINUS.

LONDON, JAN. 23.

In the House of Commons, to-night, Lord Cranborne, in reply to a question, said that His Majesty's Government had intimated to Germany that they in nowise opposed the Bagdad Railway scheme, in which British capitalists probably wish to take a considerable share.

He further said that there had already been some discussion between the two Governments, regarding the selection of a terminus on the Persian Gulf, and that no decision will be reached without a further exchange of views.

[The Berlin correspondent of the "Chronicle" says:—Baron Von der Goltz, the reorganiser of the Turkish Army, contributes an important article to the Preus on the Bagdad Railway project. The exact direction that the line will take has now been definitely settled. Beginning at Konia, the railway will proceed east towards the Taurus Range, thence south to Adana. Military reasons prevent the line taking a southerly route along the coast to Alexandretta and the Beilan Pass to Aleppo. Instead it will proceed eastwards from Adana, and then to a point about midway between Aleppo and Aintab. From this point branch lines will connect Aintab and Aleppo with the main line. At Birejik the Euphrates [will be reached. From Birejik the railway will proceed to Urfa (the ancient Edessa) and Mardin, striking the Tigris at Mosul. Owing to numerous engineering difficulties on the left bank of the Tigris, the Porte has finally decided on the right bank as that along which the railway will be built. From the important frontier station of Khanakin where the Persian pilgrims for Kerbela enter Turkish territory, a branch line will be built to the Tigris, a little north of Bagdad. Leaving Bagdad the line crosses the Euphrates, and passes between the rivers and Nejef Lake to Kasima, on the Bay of Koweit, Bassorah being connected by a branch line. From Konia to Kasima the distance is a little over 1,400 miles. Two mountain chains will be crossed, and there will be two bridges over the Euphrates and one over the Tigris. The total cost will be about £20,000,000. Baron Von der Goltz does not believe that the income of the line will pay the interest on this sum, and the difficulty in finding a source from which the Porte can get its guarantee is one of the main causes of the delay in beginning operations. He believes, however, that the persistence and tact of the German concessionaires will remove all hindrances. Baron Von der Goltz does not anticipate much local traffic. As the years pass cotton growing will be developed, but the settlement of agricultural colonies along the line of railway will be beset with difficulties. He believes the main source of income will be the overland traffic to India. At present time it takes fourteen days and sixteen hours to reach Bombay via Brindisi. The Bagdad line will shorten the journey by three days and sixteen hours.]

BRITISH GUNBOAT OVERDUE.

The British Gunboat Condor, which is on a voyage from Vancouver to Honolulu, is greatly overdue.

[The sloop Condor was launched at Sheerness on the 17th December 1898 and is barque rigged. Her length is 180ft, beam 33ft, and displacement 960 tons. She is fitted with Belleville boilers and has a speed of 13·25 knots. Her armament consists of 6-inch quick firers, 4-3 per quick firers, and 2 Maxims. She has a complement of 120 men.]

FRENCH GRANT TO CATHOLIC MISSIONS.

The French Chamber, upon the urgent representation of M. Delcassé, has passed the grants for Catholic Missions in the East and Far East.

THE THIRD TEST MATCH.

VICTORY FOR AUSTRALIA.

The Australians have won the third test match at Adelaide by four wickets.

NEW CEYLON LOAN.

...Jan. 23.

Tenders are invited for the ... ...,000,000 Ceylon three per cent. inscribed ... ...is £94-10-0.

The issue is for railways, irrigation and other Public Works.

The list closes on the 28th instant. JAN. 23.

The Ceylon loan was fully covered by the afternoon.

SIR E. SATOW'S OPINION.

LONDON, JAN. 24.

Sir E. Satow, the British Minister in presenting his credentials at Peking, said that the prosperity of China may be fostered by the removal of obstacles to the free exchange of commodities. He urged the Emperor to completely abolish the barriers hindering free intercourse with the rest of the world.

THE MARQUIS ITO.

The Marquis Ito has embarked at Marseilles on board the steamer Kisotsohou.

THE MAILS.

The Bombay Mails of the 11th instant, arrived at Brindisi to-day.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, JAN. 22,

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macarthur, left here for Colombo, Madras and Calcutta this morning.

The Flekta-Rabatsun Company's Bisagno, left Singapore for Bombay on the 23rd instant.

The Austrian Lloyds steamer Maria Valeria, from Japan left Singapore for Trieste on the morning of the 22nd instant.

The following is the list of passengers arrived by Austrian Lloyds steamer Moravia from Trieste via Kurrachi on the evening of the 23rd instant, Mr. and Mrs. Panas and Mr. Kunk's.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 23,

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet,

Barsts quiet.

Good Showmuggar 3 23-32.

The Manchester Market has been firm.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	94 1-16
2 per cent. Bonles	100 1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	64 1-4
Bar Silver	27 9-16

The Bank of England returns for the week and ting yesterday show the following results:—Total Reserve, £20,000,000, Increase £1,000,000; Public Deposits, £2,495,000, Increase £310,000; Other Deposits, £40,000,000, Decrease £1,460,000; Other Securities £28,600,000, decrease 400,000; Notes and Gold, £24,700,000; Increase £1,300,000. The Banks Reserve is 49 per cent. of the liabilities.

THE plague returns for the week ending the 18th instant show 9,304 deaths against 10,368 in the week preceding. The principal figures are: Bombay Districts, 2,510 against 4,797; Punjab, 2,379 against 2,662; Mysore State, 663 against 636; Madras Presidency, 500 against 542; N.-W. P. and Oudh, 329 against 622; Bengal, 583 against 673; Kashmir (Jammu), 207 against 125.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

THE ATTITUDE OF ENGLAND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 24.

A cablegram to the "Pioneer," dated London 22nd January, says: Lord Cranborne's statement regarding the attitude of England in the Spanish-American War, has been cordially acknowledged in the United States as a timely establishment of popular impression.

THE PANAMA ROUTE.

President Roosevelt has definitely recommended the Panama route to the Congress.

FAILURE OF THE LONDON AND GLOBE CORPORATION.

RESIGNATION OF EDITORS.

Mr. Vowles, Editor and Mr. Bronson, City Editor, of the "Truth" have resigned in consequence of Mr. Whitaker Wright's disclosures in connection with the failure of the London and Globe Corporation. Mr. Wright's evidence was sensational.

THE EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

EIGHTY-EIGHT LAKHS SANCTIONED.

CALCUTTA, JAN. 24.

To keep pace with the increased engine mileage of the East Indian Railway, the Government of India have, during the past two years, sanctioned estimates aggregating over eighty-eight lakhs for engines and tenders for that line.

KING'S AFRICAN RIFLES.

The King's African Rifles, for which subalterns are invited to volunteer, are the amalgamated forces in East Africa. The appointments are for three years with power of extension to five.

THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF ASSAM.

It is understood that Mr. Cotton, Chief Commissioner of Assam, has applied for and has been granted five and a-half months' furlough from the beginning of May. No announcement has been made regarding his successor, but it may be noticed that Mr. Fuller acted in the last officiating vacancy.

POONA GARRISON MANŒUVRES.

POONA, JAN. 24.

The manœuvres closed to-day and all troops marched into Poona together with Followers and Mules.

General Burnett, Commanding Poona, and his Staff also reached Poona, to-day.

DRAFTS FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

The first draft of the Shropshire Light Infantry, left Poona for Deolali on its way to South Africa.

A draft of the Middlesex Regiment which is also going to South Africa, arrived at the Rest Camp this morning, and is leaving to-night for Deolali.

PROMOTIONS.

A step of promotion for services in South Africa is conferred on H. Young, M. W. Tyler and B. T. Harding of the Bombay Supply and Transport Corps, also on Bombay, Assistant Surgeon J. B. Farrell, while the name of F. A. Barrett, Bombay Transport, is noted for promotion hereafter.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The hired Transport City of Vienna left Durban on the 18th instant, and is due to arrive at Bombay on the 2nd February. The vessel has one hundred and thirty-seven natives, seven details, and one horse on board.

The City of Vienna will sail for South Africa on the 10th February, and not as previously ordered.

The number of troops representing the Native Army and Imperial Service Corps to be sent Home for the Coronation will together be 1,000.

Major Maxwell, 10th Bengal Lancers, is confirmed as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General from the 22nd January, vice Colonel Younghusband, vacated and is posted to the Sirhind District.

SIR ERNEST CASSEL IN BOMBAY.

DONOR OF THE TUBERCULOSIS SANITARIUM.

Among the passengers who arrived in Bombay by yesterday's mail steamer was Sir Ernest Cassel, the donor of £200,000 to the King, which His Majesty has set apart for a Sanitarium, for consumptives. Sir Ernest Cassel was accompanied by the Rt. Hon. Arnold Morley. At half-past seven o'clock Captain Hon. Greville and Captain Sloane-Stanley, A.-D-... Excellency the Governor, Lord Northcote put out in a steam launch and boarded the s. s. Arabia, which was anchored off the Apollo Bunder. At 9 o'clock the launch arrived from the Arabia at the Ballard Pier, with Sir Ernest Cassel, Mr. Arnold Morley, Mrs. Cassel, Colonel Montague Craddock and Mrs Lily Rose, who were accompanied by the two A.-D.-C's. The party then drove to Government House, Malabar Hill, where they will be the guests of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Northcote during their stay in Bombay.

The father of Sir Ernest Cassel was a small banker in Cologne, where the philanthropist was born in 1852. But, although the son of a banker, he came to England as a young man with no fortune, but his own qualifications and determination to get on. Y ...ember of the Jewish race, it was but natural that he chose finance as the medium of his activities. The story of his first rise is almost a fairy story. Attached as a clerk to a big financial house, he was put in charge of important work, and very poorly paid. Like many valuable young employes before and since, he went up to the heads of the firm for a rise. They gave him no rise, but instead what was more or less of a bad debt—an asset of the firm that no one before his time had been able to turn into anything of value. Ernest Cassel, however, belonged to the order of men that could turn anything into value and this asset formed one of the principal foundations of his fortunes. Soon after he had started on his own account he turned his attention to the financial possibilities of Egypt and it is quite certain that he has been able to be of immense use to his adopted country in helping to put the monetary position of the Khedivial possessions upon a reliable basis. His services in connection with Egypt were recognised by the bestowal of the K. C. M. G. But that country represents only a little of his activities. He was the man to whose energy more than all was due the amalgamation of the great firm of Vickers, Sons, and Maxim, one of the largest builders of warships and liners in the world, for it was he who really negotiated the sale of the business of the Naval Construction and Armaments Company of which the Duke of Devonshire had been chairman to Messrs. Albert Vickers of Sheffield. He is interested in the Central London Railway. Sir Ernest Cassel is a trustee of the Egyptian Government Irrigation Trust Certificates and a director of the Swedish Central Railway Company. His leisure hours are mostly given over to hunting, and he has a delightful country seat at Melton Mowbray. He is a widower, his wife having died in 1881.

The Right Hon. Arnold Morley was member of Parliament for Nottingham in 1880-85, and again from 1885-95. He was Patronage Secretary, and Chief Liberal Whip from 1886 to 1892. He was then appointed Postmaster-General in 1892, which position he held till 1895. He also acted as counsel for the Home Office in the Colliery Accident Enquiries, 1880-85.

MR. HILL, Inspector-General of Forests, goes on furlough in April, Mr. Wroughton, from the Bombay Presidency, acting for him.

As Native passengers proceeding to Australia are required by the Australian Government to be certified British subjects before being allowed to land, Natives of India who are desirous of proceeding to Australia should provide themselves, before their departure from India, with an authoritative certificate of identity. Applications for the certificates in question should be made to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, in the case of persons who are residents of Bombay and in other cases to the Collector of the District to which the persons belong.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JAN. 10.

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

ALTHOUGH for reasons referred to below there is not now quite so much excitement as there has been about the return of Lord Rosebery to active political life, the question of the near future of that human sphinx is still puzzling the nation. The Conservative one seems to be to attack Lord Rosebery and one of the grounds on which he is being assailed by Ministerial speakers is that his action "is vis," the Irish party is inconsistent with his dependence upon them, when he and his weary colleagues were engaged in the profitless occupation of ploughing the sands. There is not much in the argument, but that it should be employed against Lord Rosebery by a member of the Cabinet, though that member only be the Marquis of Londonderry, may show that the Conservatives are beginning to be afraid of the efforts to reunite the Liberal party under the ex-Premier. There are people who think that the best solution of the problem would be the formation of a National Government "pro tempore," the Cabinet to be formed of leading men of both parties and to cease immediately it accomplished the special work—namely, to bring about peace. This would be different from a coalition of parties. Parties would for the time being cease to exist, or rather would be in a state of suspended animation. Of course, the fact that it would be novel stand against its adoption in a country overridden as this is by precedent; but unless the present Government ride for a fall on some minor issue, like their unfortunate Telephone arrangements, it is difficult to see how things are to be changed. The Government may possibly pull themselves together and regain the confidence of their supporters; but the omens are not, it must be said, auspicious. Of course, if it be true that the enemy intends to surrender on the 15th instant, that will greatly simplify matters, but is that their intention? I am afraid the report is too good to be true, and how often have we been misled by similar reports in the past? Still, the war must end sooner or later, and I hear that the Boers are feeling the scarcity of horses much more than the alleged scarcity of ammunition.

OUR GERMAN TRADUCERS AND THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR.

On Saturday last the newspapers contained Lord Roberts's simple but crushing denial of the filthy falsehoods circulated by the German newspapers about outrages on Boer women and children by British soldiers. On Tuesday the journals reported a long speech delivered the previous evening at Birmingham by Mr. Chamberlain, making light of the Continental outcry against this country as we say, or against the war as they would say, and declaring that it is the duty of the British people to count upon themselves alone as their ancestors did. "I say alone, he exclaimed "yes, in a splendid isolation." The very next day Count von Bulow, Chancellor of the German Empire, from his place in the Reichstag administered his much discussed rebuke to Mr. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, for the now famous allusion in his Edinburgh speech to the Franco-German War. Whether Count von Bulow's statement was "proper hoc" we cannot say, but it really does look as if he might have been led to break his long silence by the patriotic if somewhat provocative deliverances of Mr. Chamberlain on Monday evening. Apparently by arrangement, a certain Count Udo von Stolberg-Wernigerode, a Conservative and one of the Vice-Presidents of the Reichstag, afforded the Chancellor a convenient opportunity of playing into the hands of the Kaiser's anglophobe subjects. "I think," said Count von Bulow "that we shall all agree, and I think that all sensible people in England will agree with us, that when a Minister finds himself constrained to justify his policy—a thing which may happen—he does well to let foreign countries alone. But if, nevertheless, he wishes to adduce foreign examples, it is expedient that he should do so with the greatest circumspection, else there is a danger, not only of his being misunderstood, but also and without any such intention—as I will assume in the present instance and as I must assume in accordance with the assurances given me from the other side—there is a danger of hurting foreign feeling." He went on to say:—"This is the more to be regretted when it happens to a Minister in dealing with a country which, as Count Stolberg has also pointed out, has always maintained good and friendly relations with his own—relations the undisturbed continuance of which is equally in accordance with the interests of both parties." He added:—"It was altogether intelligible that in a nation which is so closely bound up with its glorious army as is the German people, the general feeling rose up against the appearance of an attempt to misrep esent the heroic character and the moral basis of our struggles for national unity. The German army, however, stands far too high and its escutcheon is far too clean that it should be affected by distorted judgments. With regard to anything of that kind the remark of Frederick the Great holds good, when he said on being told that some one had attacked him and the Prussian Army, 'Let the man alone and don't excite yourselves, he is biting at granite.' Count Bulow's quotation in German, whereas as the councillor has been reminded Frederick himself made the remark in French—"Il mord le granite.' But that is a trifle. It is enough to know that the deputies were pleased, and thinking that their minister had scored off the unspeakable Chamberlain shunted "very good." Count Bulow's elaborate attempt to rebuke the British Minister was preceded only two or three days before by a sensible speech at Hamburg by the newly-appointed German ambassador to England in which he deprecated the extravagant juvenile manner which a section of his fellow-country men—not the business men—of Hamburg used in dealing with us. To most persons it may almost seem a breach of good taste on the part of the Kaiser's principal Minister at a moment when the Prince of Wales is preparing to pay a visit to the ruler of Prussia and head of the rulers of the German Confederation. A "propos" of the approaching Royal visit, a communicated announcement that appeared the other day among the Court intelligence in the "North German Gazette" has attracted some notice. An English paper had said that the Prince of Wales was visiting Berlin upon the special invitation of the Kaiser and had also implied that the alleged invitation was a matter of political significance. The "North German Gazette" replies that, as a matter of fact, it was the King who, through his Ambassador, intimated his intention of sending the Prince of Wales to offer his Majesty's congratulations to the Kaiser on the occasion of his birthday. The Kaiser responded that the Prince would be welcome. People are asking whether if the King had foreseen the course of events he would have decided to entrust the Prince of Wales with such a mission at the present moment. However that may be what happened in the German Parliament on Wednesday ought to be a lesson not only to Mr. Chamberlain and others. The leading journal which now is so wrathful at Count von Bulow's statement was an even worse offender. Indeed it would be a curious study in international politics of one year to go through the "Times" files for the past few years and cite for example the particular things that have been said in its leading columns about the Kaiser when he has seemed to be in a mood favourable to this country and those it has said when he was or appeared to be in an opposite mood. One remark in Count von Bulow's is specially resented here. I allude to what he said about assurances given from this side. "We should like to see documentary evidence of the fact" ironically observed the "Times" yesterday; but this morning it takes note of the talk in the German newspapers of official assurances and especially of reference in one of the Berlin prints to the "text of official declarations which the British Government found itself compelled to make." The "Times" insists upon the matter being cleared up when Parliament meets; and if it is found that Lord Lansdowne did make any humiliating assurances he will find himself in trouble even though next to Mr. Chamberlain he is the most influential.

"THE ISLANDERS."

Mr. Rudyard Kipling has furnished "The Times" with a column or more of very lively couplets and dimes-a-bit with a first-class topic of not too exhausting conversation. Indeed, since the famous dogrell of "Pay, pay, pay" the gifted author-poet has produced nothing that has caused half so much excited talk as "The Islanders." The heated controversy that has been raging for nearly a month in the columns of the leading journal with reference to the very last attempt to solve that Francis Bacon and not William Shakespeare wrote the plays that have made "the name of the" bard of Stratford-upon-Avon "immortal has been quite thrown into the shade by Mr. Kipling's latest effusion and "mirabile dictu" it has even been the means of lessening the output of the busy commentators on the Chesterfield Speech. The curious spectacle is presented to us of the people who have hitherto been great admirers of Mr. Kipling now holding him up to contumely as an abusive person and a bad Englishman. The poem which has effected this transformation is written with a purpose and that purpose is to show that our only salvation as islanders is to cast off an unconscionable sloth and to go in for as Mr. Kipling would say conscription. This is the main idea that Mr. Kipling has in view; but it is not this in itself that has caused all this indignation. Nor is it his assertion that we allowed our shame to be revealed at the hands of a little people, few but apt to the field; or the still more stinging rebuke that we "fawned on the Younger Nations for the men who could shoot and ride." The sting is contained in the following couplets:—

Then ye returned to your trinkets; then ye continued your sports
With the flannelled fools at the wicket or the muddled oafs at the goals.
Given to strong delusion, wholly believing a lie,
Ye saw that the land lay fenceless and ye let the months go by:

Waiting some easy wonder; hoping some axing sign—
Idle—openly idle—in the tee of the foreseen Line.
Idle—except for your boasting, and what is your boasting worth,
If ye grudge a year of service to the lordliest life on Earth?

Even those who hold that as a nation we undoubtedly devote far too much attention to field sports, and who are not in the least offended by sneers at the "kept cock-pheasant" which is "master of many a shire" resent as an undeserved insult the phrases "flannelled fools" and "muddled oafs." One of the first to take up the cudgels for the former was that well-known cricketer Mr. W. J. Ford, who certainly gives Mr. Kipling a Roland for his Oliver. I suppose "says Mr. Ford he classifies under 'flannelled fools' such cricketers—I merely mention the names that come in a moment to one's mind—as General Spens and Colonel Poore; as F. W. Milligan, H. T. Stanley, D. H. Forbes, and F. J. J. Greenfield, all of whom have laid down their lives; and as F. S. Jackson, F. Mitchell, W. L. Foster, A. J. Turner, and E. I. M. Barnett, who have not only the 'folly' to be cricketers, but to carry their country as well. Mr. Kipling's poetry may be above reproach, but he might easily mend his manners without spoiling his rhymes. To Mr. Ford's list, others have added the following names:—J. J. Ferris, the Australian and Gloucestershire bowler; H. T. Stanley, of Somersetshire; F. N. Townshead, brother of C. L. Townshead, of Gloucestershire; D. H. Forbes, Oxford Blue; C. W. Boyle, of Oxford; A. M. Poore, played for Harrow; W. MacFarlane, Harrow and Sandhurst; F. F. Crawford, of Kent; Prince Christian Victor, a fine wicket-keeper; Rev. F. F. Greenfield, of Jesus College and Sussex; F. W. Milligan of Yorkshire; H. W. Masterman; G. T. L. Tryon, Eton '96, all of whom have died for their country in this unfortunate War. It is interesting to learn that there is one person in the realm who has the courage to say that he never reads anything Mr. Kipling writes. This eminently bold-man is the distinguished Surrey cricketer, Mr. K. J. Key, who further says: "Mr. Kipling is a person I very much object to." Whoo such a typical representative of John Bull talks like this of our "national poet" there must be something rotten in the state of Nottingdean and Mr. Kipling must look to his laurels. Sir Herbert Stephen who mercilessly dissects Mr. Kipling's verses almost line by line, particularly objects to England being described as full of "poor little street-bred people" who do nothing but obsolete and play at games, while their blood-relations ride, and swim, and sail about, working, and conquering the world. India is governed almost entirely by "street-bred" individuals from home, the supply of whom is being constantly renewed. Our "Fleet in being" is almost exclusively "street-bred." Englishmen are not all, strictly speaking, street-bred, but if we were, it would not be conclusive of our demerit. Sir Herbert believes the Guards and the Rifle Brigade recruit mainly from the streets of London, and he has not heard that the reputation of either has suffered in the present war. Besides Mr. Key's lofty disdain of Mr. Kipling and all his works, another counter touch has been supplied by a correspondent who, in "Truth" day's "Times," takes the author of "The Islanders" severely to task. His complaint that the Kipling verses will only furnish "the unmanly envy and immoral calumnies of Continental slanders with fresh material" is of course not humorous, decidedly the reverse and probably only too true. But what is felt to be distinctly droll is the remark he makes that "other, perhaps somewhat older, and therefore wiser, writers of verse have composed poems which still remain locked in their drawers, from the patriotic and conscientious feeling that their being given would rather damage than promote the well-being." While the rest of the letters in the same issue on this subject are placed altogether under the heading "The Islanders," this particular communication stands by itself with all the glory of big type and a separate heading. The initials appended to the letters are "A. A." and everybody immediately asked who they stood for. Canon Alfred Ainger lost no time in making a sly disclaimer, and repudiations have appeared from two other A. A.'s, one of them being of note, superfluous, I should have thought. By a process of exclusion the papers have arrived at the conclusion that the A. A. of "the Times" can be no other than Mr. Alfred Austin, Poet Laureate of England. Hence these smiles.

THE CASTE SYSTEM IN ENGLISH POLITICS.

Mr. Winston Churchill, M. P., in the address he delivered last night to a political audience at Blackpool suggested that the phenomenal interest displayed in the Chesterfield speech was due to the scarcity of men. That there is a "scarcity of men" in the class which notwithstanding the rubbish talked about this being a democratic country has for so long monopolised power in this country is undoubted; and nobody sees this more clearly than Lord Rosebery who was perfectly serious when sometime ago he put in a plea for a Cabinet of business men. The caste system as employed in English politics, worked very well in bygone days, but it is quite inadequate to meet present requirements, and will be abolished when the country wakes up to the danger of leaving so much control in the hands of well-mannered but incompetent members of the aristocracy of birth. There is really little to choose in this respect between the two parties, and if the Conservatives have their Londonderrys, their Lings and their Akers, Douglases, the Liberals have in their front ranks men equally fit to be masters of Foxhounds and Chairmen of Quarter Sessions. This might well form the subject of a companion poem to "The Islanders."

THE COUNTRY AND THE PRO-BOERS.

Dr. G. B. Clark, the notorious Pro-Boer, after lying low for a long time, has re-appeared and, according to a correspondent of the "Times," openly announces that he is sailing on Saturday for America in order to urge President Roosevelt to interfere on behalf of the Boers! Dr. Clarke has it seems just returned from a visit to the King's enemies in Holland and the "Times" correspondent whose letter is very prominently printed, wants the Government to intervene to prevent the ex-member for Caithness from crossing the Atlantic. Another prominent Pro-Boer, Mr. Lloyd George, M. P., has had an opportunity of speaking at Bristol without the unpleasant consequences that attended his recent visit to Birmingham, but Mr. Rowntree formerly, M. P., for Scarborough has been refused a hearing at Derby and a Baptist Minister in Liverpool who has made himself unpopular by his opposition to the war, was mobbed on returning home from his chapel last Sunday evening. Mr. Lloyd George's friends, I am told, have proof positive that it was intended if he had been caught by the Birmingham voters to take him to a certain house there, strip him and tar and feather him. This would not have been so comfortable a currency as a policeman's uniform.

OLLA PODRIDA.

As you may have heard before, Major W. Kirk of the Bombay staff is to be second in command of the Earl of Longford's Irish Corps of Imperial Yeomanry. With reference to Politics across St. George's Channel: I collect the following from a tiv advertisement columns of to-day's "Times":—"The Irish Giv ...ers ...s blessed with the patience of Job." "It is a curious thing that the Castle" (Dublin) "cannot count over 40."

SAD SUICIDE OF A EUROPEAN.

ALFRED JAMES ALLEN, a European, aged twenty-six employed as a fitter in the G. I. P. Railway Work Shop at Parel and residing at Jacob Circle Bombay, committed suicide early on Thursday morning by shooting himself with a Martini-Henry Rifle. The deceased was a volunteer in the G. I. P. Railway Volunteer Corps and lived by himself in what is known as Easdon's Buildings in the above locality. It appears that between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning the reverberations heard by the report of a fire arm, but they took no notice of it. About 5 o'clock one of his servants entered his room and found his master dead on the floor with the gun lying alongside of him. There was a large wound in the head. The servant went to the Jacob Circle Police station and informed the Police. It is evident that the deceased had applied the muzzle of the gun to his head and pulled the trigger with his toe. No cause for committing the dead has not been ascertained. He was to be married next month.

Mr. P. Byrne, the Coroner, opened an inquiry this morning in Sirpa Road, regarding the death of the deceased. After the body had been identified by one of the deceased's servants, the inquiry was adjourned.

THE PRINCE OF WALES' VISIT TO INDIA.

With reference to the report that the Prince of Wales proposes visiting India, the Press Association states that there appears to be some ground for the expectation, although the time is too early for any official announcement on the subject. There is every probability that his Royal Highness will leave England for India late in the autumn of the present year. Nothing very definite is likely to be done in the way of preparation till after the Coronation.

It is stated that the Ophir has been re-chartered to bring the Prince of Wales in November next.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Carthage, Captain J. R. London, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi and Aden, with the English Mail and the following passengers:—

Yaelic Mr H B
Dano Mr R M
Rose Lt-Col
Maxwell Mrs Hutchison
Symons Miss
Rice Hon W and Lady M
Wright Mrs Pilson
Gawthorne Mr Herbert
Preston Mr Arthur
Cruickshank Mr D
Noble Major R W and wife
Tomkinson Rev Canon H
Yate Mr Col W
Holt Mrs
Thornton Mrs E S and infant
Pinsal Major L G
Pinsal Mrs and 3 children
Haughton Capt
Mulholland Mr J P
Hamilton Mr and Mrs W L and 3 children and infant
Lewis Mr and Mrs
Charmaly Dr
Tibbos Mrs W
O'Dowd Mr C H
Thompson Capt

THE 2nd BATTALION ROYAL INNISKILLING FUSILIERS.

THE hired transport Armenia, which is commanded by Captain A. S. McCloskey, sailed yesterday afternoon with the 2nd Battalion Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, for South Africa. The Battalion has been in India for over thirteen years. Two regiments arrived in India on the 12th January 1889, and was stationed at Secunderabad. Thence it went to Burma in 1892. From there it proceeded to Chakrata in 1896. In August 1897, it took part in the Tirah Expedition, and later proceeded to Peshawar in 1898. From Peshawar the regiment went to Mian Mir in March 1899; and remained there until orders were received for it to be in readiness to start for South Africa. The regiment left Mian Mir on the 16th January, in two special trains, and had a hearty send-off. A halt was made at Deolali prior to starting for Bombay for embarkation. The Battalion was brought to Bombay in two special trains, arriving at the Dock punctually at 6 and 6-30 a.m. The men were immediately on their arrival detrained and fatigue parties were detailed for work, and others had a rest before they were sent on board the troop barges. The men were medically inspected by Major J. R. Stuart, R.A.M.C., before they were put on board. From the Sassoon Dock they were conveyed along side the transport in R. I. M. troop barges and embarked on board the Armenia; the first batch left the Dock at 9-15 a.m., and the others followed at intervals and by one o'clock, the entire embarkation was completed. The destination of the regiment, it is believed will be at Pietermaritzburg and after arrival the 1st Battalion of the regiment, which is already there, is expected to go to England. There was no public demonstration at the Dock and the embarkation was carried out in orderly and quiet manner. Captain F. L. Vincent, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, assisted by Captain Budd, Officiating D. A. A. G. and Sergeants Major Bostock, and Bailey, of the District Staff, were at the Dock and looked after the embarkation; and Commander Beauchamp, R. I. M., attended to the arrangements on board. The draft of the Oxford Light Infantry which was to proceed in the Armenia has been detained till further orders. The regiment will be landed at Durban, which port is expected to reach on or about the 8th February. The strength of the regiment is 23 officers, 3 warrant officers, 1 956 non-commissioned officers and men, with 6 horses, and 249 boxes of ammunition. The Armenian takes one officer of the 4th Bengal Rifle Brigade and one horse, one officer of the R. F. A., one officer of the 15th Bengal Lancers, 3 followers and 2 horses, and of the special service 3 men and 1 horse. The following are the names of the officers:—

2ND ROYAL INNISKILLING FUSILIERS.

Lieut-Col A J Murray D S O	Lieut W A C Kinsman
Major G M Mackenzie	2nd Lieut G O C Adams
Major E A Strachan	2nd Lieut F H W Mackin
Major T G C Reynolds	2nd Lieut J H R Yardly
Captain H G Bendall	2nd Lieut J M Jennings
Captain E S Carey	Captain and Adjutant T E Clarke
Captain R W H Mitchell	Captain and Quarter Master T V Jones
Captain J Evans	Captain H W Gratton R I M C
Captain G C Grassbrook	Lieut Col Leslie, 4th Bengal Rifle Brigade
Lieut C H G F Stokes	Captain S S Cortet, 15th Bengal Lancers
Lieut N H Lincoln	Captain J F H Doyle, R F A
Lieut G T Keagre	
Lieut G V Sherard	
Lieut W P Thompson	
Lieut J B Dand	

BOMBAY RIFLE CLUB.

THE 19th and 20th competitions for Silver Spoons and the Coorla Season Grand Aggregates took place on Wednesday morning. Some excellent shooting was made. At 200 yards Volunteer Lillywhite with one H. C. points afforded for the M. H. Rifle scored the highest possible and wins the B. R. C. Silver Medal. At 300 yards the shooting was also very good. The next competition will take place on Wednesday 29th. Distances 500 and 600 yards. The tie between Trooper Coates and Volunteer Lillywhite for the East Colaba season silver medal will be fired off on Wednesday morning. The result to be on the best score made at 500 yards in the club shoot.

200 Yards.

		Points H'ds.	Score.	allowed.	Total.
Vol Lillywhite, G I P R V...	M H	27		1	31a
Corpl Glynn, B V A ...	H H C	25		1	26b
Maj Rogers, B V R ...	L M	24		—	24
C Sgt Seager, B V R ...	M H	23		1	24
Sergt Cutler, G I P R V ...	M H	23		1	24
Corpl Simmons, B V R ...	M H	23		1	24
Vol Good, B V R ...	M H	18		1	19
Vol Clark, B V R ...	M H	18		1	19

a H C 4 points. Winner 1st Score.
b H C 4 points.

300 Yards.

		Points H'ds.	Score.	allowed.	Total.
Sergt Cutler, G I P R V ...	M H	25		1	26a
Vol Lillywhite, G I P R V ...	M H	23		1	24
Major Rogers, B V R ...	L M	23		—	23
Corpl Simmons, B V R ...	M H	22		1	23
Vol Good, B V R ...	M H	18		1	19
Corpl Clyne, B V A ...	M H	18		1	19
Cr Sgt Seager, B V R ...	M H	18		1	19
Vol Clark, B V R ...	M H	18		1	19

a Winner 1st Spoon. b H C 6 points.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

HOG ISLAND RACES.

THE undermentioned races will be sailed this afternoon. The races for Yachts and Tomtits terminating at Hog Island:—

Ship's Boats (Fancy rig) Race—Start at 2-45 p.m.

Boats Name		Entered by
H M S Magdala's Cutter	2a'	Lt G H S La-Touche, R I M
" Assaye's "	25'	Surgeon R Folliott
" Dudley's "	25'	Mr E Sale
" Magdala's "	27'	Lt John G Fowke, R N
" "	26'	Sub-Lt A H Hamilton, R I M
P & O Caledonia's "	28'	Mr H G Lewelin

Course No. 1 reversed—7·1 miles.

Tomtit Class Race—Start at 3 p.m.

Boats Name	Owners
Titmous	Mr R H H Hopkins
Tomtit	Dr F W Gibson
Chubs	Capt G Lamb, I M S

Course No. 15—9·6 miles.

Yachts H'Cap (Class B). Race in cruising trust and touring dinghies. Start with H'cap allowances in hand. 1st Yacht to start at 2-45 p.m.

Boats Name	Entered by Owners
Isca	Mr E Faulkner
Maunikin	Capt R B Mayne R G A
Pixie	Mr E R Seaman
Joan	Capt H S Black, R I M
Janeta	Mr C Jones, R
Cook of the North	Mr E Combes
Trixie	Mr A M Monteath

Course No. 15—9·4 miles.

Yachts H'cap (Class A) Race in cruising trims and touring dinghies. Start with H'cap allowances in hand. 1st Yacht to start at 3-20 p.m.

Boats Name	Entered by Owners
Melody	Mr J B R Macbeth
Forella	Capt H S Muter, R E

Course No. 16—10·6 miles.

THE TRANSPORT ASSAYE.

THE transport Assaye which is expected to arrive to-day from England brings drafts for various regiments in India, consisting of 82 officers, 15 ladies and 7 children, 12 warrant officers, 995 non-commissioned officers and men, 72 women, and 102 children. If the transport does not reach her moorings by 8 a.m. the debarkation will take place on the day after arrival. The baggage guard and working party, strength 4 officers, and 200 men, under a field officer will leave the ship's side at 10 a.m. and the baggage at 11 a.m. The remainder of the troops for shore will move into barges at 12-30 p.m. The troops will leave by three special trains from Sassoon Dock to Deolali. The first train with 5 warrant officers and 297 men, 11 women, and 20 children, will leave the Sassoon Dock at 5-45 p.m. and arrive at Deolali at 9-45 p.m. to-morrow. The second train leaves at 6-30 p.m. with 3 officers, and 256 men and is expected to arrive at 7-6 a.m. The third train to leave at 7-10 p.m. with 3 officers and 33 ...

...LS AND MUDDIE...
...S.
...S POEM.

PANNELED FO...

...QAY.

MR. RUDYARD KIPLI...

THE "Times" to hand by yest... brings us the text of Mr. Kipling's poem verses:—

action, and therefore which writers of verse have produced poems which will remain locked in their drawers, from the patriotic and considerate feeling that their being given to the world would rather damage than promote its well-being.

I have the honour to remain, Sir, your obedient servant,

A. A.

P.S.—In the absence of universal military service" one of course includes naval service.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "TIMES."

Sir,—I agree with Mr. Kipling—at least I imagine so—in the opinion that compulsory military service would be an excellent thing, and that, whether that is possible or not, it is eminently desirable to have the best-trained and most readily available army that can be organised. I fear, however, that the approach to these ideals will be impeded rather than promoted by the appearance of his poem. The "flannelled fools" and "muddled oafs" of "stern and rockbound coasts" which is not also deserved, and it appears to me that this rebuke, administered not in the first but in the second person plural, as it is, by Mr. Kipling's name as well as by his fame, deserved that it is more likely to do harm than good. For if it does no good it will do harm, owing to the invincible human tendency to conclude that, because a particular statement of a grievance is unfounded, therefore there is no grievance.

It is not true that we were sunk in sloth, or that we did not believe in war, or that we took no pains to acquire military efficiency before the South African war.

It is not true that "them in the present war was our shame revealed." That this or that general turned out in the first practicable trial of his abilities in the field to be unsuitable for a high command, or that considerable bodies of our troops had to learn how to fight on the veld in the only way in the world—viz., by fighting on the veld—is nothing to the point. Taking a broad view, we were not beaten, we were not within measurable distance of being beaten, we have accomplished and are accomplishing our purpose and, if there is no particular necessity for boasting or swaggering, we have, at least, as a nation, nothing of which to be ashamed or to apologise for.

It is not true that we fawned on our own colonies. It is true that people who live on huge continents, in scattered and distant places where you must ride and shoot to live, can probably produce a larger proportion of men who can ride and shoot than the inhabitants of a densely-populated island; but the implication that Englishmen are in general incompetent, idle people who cannot master the arts of warfare is unworthy of Mr. Kipling.

It is not true that, after being "saved by a remnant"—whatever may be the exact signification of that phrase—we "returned to our trinkets" or contented our souls.

It is true that we go about our business in much the same spirit as the Scotch, only so bad we may what appears to be necessary and practicable, and recognising that a disorganised mob, occupying a country as big as France, cannot be conquered in a month or in a year. But the image of a people started out of disgraceful sloth, idle saving itself from ruin by the opportune assistance of somebody else, and then relapsing into the same careless ease as before, is wholly and inexcusably false. Fortunately no person, however gifted its literary merit, can make it true.

As Mr. Kipling's admirers recognise with thankful understanding his understanding and appreciation of the outer parts of the British Empire, that he has still, it seems, a great deal to learn about England, which is, after all, the heart of it. His brilliant imagination presents it to him as full of "poor little street-bred people" who do nothing but chatter and play at games, while "hook-nosed cads ride, and steam, and sail about, working and conquering the world. The latter half of the image may pass, but the former is absolute nonsense. India is governed almost entirely by "street-bred" individuals from home, the cream of the country is constantly renewed. Our "lines in being" is almost exclusively "street-bred." Englishmen are not all, strictly speaking, street-bred, but if we were it would not be consciously cheating much as golf does.

But to return to a fact about football, I wish that some other heads of schools would look at their results and discover how far their experience bears out mine.

As far as I can discover, 21 of our old boys have served in South Africa who did not enter the Army by the usual competitive routes. Of these 24 had been members of the school Fifteen. Almost all of them had kept up their football after leaving school, several being very distinguished players. Two of those "muddled oafs" had captained Scotland.

I find, on reference to my entry book, that about one quarter of the boys who have come here (excluding those who entered the Army by the regular routes) have become members of the school Fifteen.

Therefore our prominent football players volunteered for the service of their country at the hour of need in a proportion threefold larger than what might have been expected from their mere numbers.

In large schools, of course, fewer individuals can reach the Fifteen, but I believe it will be found generally that football players, hunting men, deer-stalkers, and I imagine, though I cannot prove it, Alpine climbers, have gone to the front out of all proportion to their numbers.

This, I think, might have been expected. The late Dr. Potts, who certainly was no votary of the widely different thing called "athleticism," once said to me:—

"They call football dangerous; I would like to know how you are to rear men without the element of danger"—or words to that effect.

But there is another point, which Lord Rosebery, I think, brought out in one of his speeches—viz., that football demands and trains many of the brain qualities which are most useful in war. So do the other specialties which I classed with it.

The football player has to make immediate decisions, on which his success depends. He cannot sit down and work out on paper whether he is to kick or pass, or run straight on or to the right or left. The officer of the line has also to make immediate decisions, involving, as it appears to me, precisely the same mental processes, at a moment of extreme nervous tension. I cannot better illustrate what I mean than from his colonel's point of view. I have letters from the father of the last of our old boys who fell at the front, and in your paragraph on one of our Fifteens I see every day. Whether the opportune mode by Major H. to extend that line, which made the advance of the right centre the critical condition in which he did any one his own initiative, it would have gone badly with Major H.'s whole force.

All I suppose is that football eminently calls for, and therefore develops, rapid, clear, and cool decision. What I do not think to be sufficiently understood is that more than any other pursuit, except perhaps hunting it cultivates precisely the quality of which our Army has stood in need.

As for Mr. Kipling's advocacy of universal military training I am entirely in accord. All boys, I think, should learn the movements of such military drill as is not antiquated, and should also, if possible, become good rifle shots. But still the military authorities seem to understand that "smartness" can be attained to the soldier just as well as to the sailor without any gymnastic or apparatus, even for parade—which I do not think absolutely free play of the limbs is the essence. I do not think we have any right to compel men, and more than "growing lads," to undergo what is called "military training." I cannot understand how the case of the unfortunate wives and children of the beautiful catastrophe at Aldershot in July 1899. No bayonets so far as was reported was killed or disabled by the weather on that day.

I am, yours, &c.,

Loretto, Jan. 8. H. H. ALMOND.

The "Temps," discussing the matter, considers that Mr. Kipling's rhymed prose is another of the numerous symptoms of the grave change gradually occurring in English ideas, which will presently have remarkable effects. English public life and institutions, through exaggerated interest in sport, have become ridiculous. Yet modern Europe unanimously agrees that England has gained materially and morally by the practice of healthy sport which has produced a virile race of travellers, mountain-climbers, and hunters, as well as fearless soldiers, as shown in the Transvaal war. The new imperialism, adds the "Temps," goes hand-in-hand with dreams of military glory, and means the militarisation of the nation like that of Frederick the Great.

Further opinions have been collected from various "flannelled fools" and "muddled oafs":

"A faddled fool in his frenzy spooling the "Times" with his rhymes."—E. H. Holland, hon. secretary, Middlesex County Association.

"A foul charge by an absent-minded beggar deserves free kicks."—J. R. Schumacher, chairman, Division I., London Football Association.

"I consider it not worth notice."—A. N. Horney, president, Lancashire Cricket Club.

"I don't think the expression of Mr. Kipling is worth noticing. I am compelled to feel pity for him."—W. Henry Haskins, secretary, Gloucestershire Football Association.

"I think as Goldsmith wrote: 'Were I to be angry at men being fools I could here find ample food for declamation.'"—F. J. B. Hemming, vice-president, London Football Association.

"Clever chap, Kipling. He didn't intend to be rude, 'boy, that's pay' was getting stale, and he wanted another advertisement. He has got it."—B. P. Gregson, secretary, Lancashire Football Association.

A GREAT INDIAN BRIDGE.

"ENGINEERING" publishes illustrations of the great bridge recently constructed across the Godavari at Rajahmundry, and which now carries the East Coast Railway, connecting Calcutta with Madras. The crossing is at Rajahmundry, at a point some 40 miles from the sea, and 5 miles higher up stream than the grand irrigation weir constructed by Sir Arthur Cotton in 1852. The bridge consists of fifty-six spans of 150 ft. and one of 40 ft., the total length being 9000 ft. between abutments, or 9096 ft. over all. The Bay Bridge is 10,527 ft. The piers are on well foundations, sunk from 45 ft. to 100 ft. below low water. The great length of the bridge (9096 ft. over all) was necessary, owing to the peculiar character of the Godavari River. This rises in the Western Ghats near Bombay, and in the course of nearly 700 miles it discharges into the Bay of Bengal, south of Cocoanada. It drains an area of 19,300 square miles, and has a flood discharge at the bridge site of 1,500,000 cubic feet a second. Much of the river bed at the site of the bridge is dry during part of the year; but it was not considered advisable to endeavour to train the floods into a narrower channel, as has been successfully accomplished in the case of some of the rivers in Northern India. In the first place, because in the present instance the floods move at a velocity of 4 ft. to 11 ft. a second across the whole waterway, and thus the flow is not concentrated mainly near mid-stream with slack water at the banks, as in the cases in which river-training has been successfully effected; and secondly, training works of this kind might possibly have affected the irrigation works downstream. It was, therefore, determined to bridge the whole flood channel by fifty-six similar spans each having the very moderate opening of 150 ft. It is interesting to note in this connection the wide difference in American and in Indian bridge practice. In both countries there are great rivers to be crossed; but whilst in such cases American engineers seek to reduce to a minimum the subaqueous work at the expense of using spans 400 ft. to 600 ft. in length in India quite a different course is pursued and small spans supported on numerous piers appear to be the standard practice. Doubtless the matter is controlled mainly by local conditions both as regards the character of the rivers themselves and of the labour available. It by no means follows that because long spans are found to be the more economical procedure in the States that the same should hold in Hindustan. The Indian rivers are on the whole, more subject to flood than the American; and as a consequence a much larger proportion of the foundations can be sunk in the dry than would generally be possible in crossings of similar magnitude in America; and further, the native masons are fairly efficient and available on the spot, at low rates of wages, whilst steel work has to be obtained from England, and for reasons into which it is unnecessary to enter here is frequently of very unscientific design rendering the girders costly to build and very heavy in proportion to the loads which they are intended to carry. All these reasons have combined to render large spans rare in India, though where special circumstances have rendered it desirable, Indian engineers have not hesitated to build such structures as the Sukkur bridge, with the clear opening of 820 ft.

THE EFFECT OF ANGLOPHOBIA ON GERMAN TRADE.

THE annual report of the Bremen Chamber of Commerce contains a significant passage relating to the detrimental effects on German trade exercised by the continual eruptions of Anglophobia in Germany.

"In support of our argument," the report observes, "we need only refer to the fact that in the year 1900 the exports of Germany to Great Britain and the British Colonies and the total British exports to Germany amounted in each case to something like a thousand million marks. Now, all those who by voice and pen fan the excitement against Great Britain—and this they did before the South African War, which merely furnished them with fresh fuel—either fail to appreciate or forget that German trade and exporting industry owe their brilliant development in a very essential degree to the fact that in the British Empire and especially in the British Colonies equal and unrestricted opportunities for trade-expansion have been furnished to all nations. They also underestimate the importance of British trade in all the markets of the world and fail to recollect that in associating themselves with the agitation against Great Britain which has now assumed boundless proportions they are contributing to the postponement of the conclusion of a war which presses heavily on our own economic life."

The "Weser Zeitung" similarly directs attention to the dangers of the commercial situation, and draws a picture of the consequences which would ensue from even a slight importation of political animosity into business relationships. If even a twentieth part of the German exports to England were to be stopped it would be equivalent to a loss of fifty million marks' worth of trade, involving corresponding sacrifices in the earnings of the poorer classes.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 25th January 1902.

1. Regimental order No. 1 of 14th January 1902, is cancelled.

It is notified for information however that Rule VII of the B. V. A. Carbine Association now reads: "None but those who have fired their class by 31st March and been returned as efficient for the season 1901-1902 and who capitation grant is earned for their Corps (except Hony. Members of B. V. A. and Sergt Instructors) will be allowed to take any prize in the Competition."

2. Leave of absence for one year, from the 27th instant, has been granted to Gunner W. L. Longland.

3. There will be Class Firing at Cooria, to-day (Saturday), forenoon.

Trains leave at the Victoria Terminus at 2-30, 3, 3-30 and 4 p.m. and Byculla 12 minutes later in each case.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Captain, R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. POLLEN, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 23th January 1902.

1. There will be no Commanding Officer's Parade this afternoon.

2. The Rifle Range at Cooria will be reserved for Class Firing to-day (Saturday) the 25th instant, from 6-30 a.m. to 5 p.m. All members who have not yet commenced their Class Firing are requested to do so with the least possible delay.

Members are reminded that additional prizes are to be given this season towards which scores made at class firing will count. Marksmen only will be eligible for these.

The attendance at the Rifle Range to-day for Class Firing will count as Commanding Officer's Parade.

Members who have already completed their Class Firing up to and at 600 yards will be credited by head-quarters only with a Commanding Officer's Parade for to-day (Saturday).

3. Letters F and G Companies will parade at 8-15 p.m. on Monday, the 27th instant, at St Mary's College, Byculla.

Dress—Drill Order, Plain Clothes.

Officers Commanding Companies will provide their own refreshments.

Letter E Company (Cyclist) will parade at Sir Richard Temple's Statue on Monday, the 27th, and Friday, the 31st instant, at 8-30 p.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Khaki; Forage Caps, Belt and Side Arms to be worn.

Refreshments will be provided.

Attendance at the above parades to count as Commanding Officer's parade.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY RACES.

5TH, 8TH, 11TH, 13TH and 15TH FEBRUARY, 1902.

N. B.—Season tickets for Bombay Extra Races are not available for the Bombay Races.

SEASON TICKETS.

	Rs.
Admittance to Grand Stand, Enclosure and Private Paddock including tickets for 2 ladies	50
Admittance to Grand Stand and Enclosure only, including tickets for 2 ladies	25
	22

N. B.—Ladies and Members of the W.I.T.C. are admitted to the Private Paddock Free, Children will not be admitted under Ladies' Tickets.

DAY TICKETS.

OBTAINABLE AT THE GATE ONLY.

FIRST ENCLOSURE.	Rs.
Admittance to Grand Stand and Enclosure including ticket for 1 lady	6
Admittance to Private Paddock	1
Ladies (separate tickets) each	3
Children each	3

N. B.—Ladies and Members of the W.I.T.C. are admitted to Private Paddock Free,

SECOND ENCLOSURE.

Single Ticket	Rs. 1-8
Children	As. 12

SEASON TICKETS are obtainable up to Tuesday 4th February, and applications must be accompanied by full remittance for same.

Apply to

SECRETARY, W.I.T.C.
BYCULLA CLUB,
or to
MR. ANANDRAO SETTABAM,
EASTERN ASSURANCE Co.,
GREEN ST., FORT.

ALLEGED INFRINGEMENT OF THE ABKARI ACT.

TWO PLEADERS EXAMINED.

THE case against Mrs. C. Athalde, who is charged with infringement of the Abkari Act by having, as alleged, imported eight bottles of country liquor into Bombay in April last, was resumed yesterday afternoon before Mr. Karsandas Chabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. York-Smith, Solicitor, instructed by Mr. C. J. Clarke, Assistant Collector of Abkari, appeared for the prosecution, the defence being represented by the Hon. Mr. P. M. Mehta, instructed by Messrs D. and H. Sealy.

Mr. S. B. Kapadia, pleader, who appeared for the defence during the initial stage of the proceedings against the accused, was called as a witness by the Hon. Mr. Mehta. The witness said, that he made an application for the custody of the box containing the bottles of liquor at an early stage of the case as he had been informed by Mr Sealy (senior) that the prosecution had taken the box away. Mr. Clarke objected to the box being kept in court. Witness said that it should be under the proper seal of the court. On this Mr. Clarke applied that the box should be sealed with his own seal. On the second occasion of the hearing the box was opened in court while Mr. McGuire was being examined. The bottles were wrapped with clothes which were also taken out and shown to the witness. Mr. Clarke drew the court's attention to some initials on the piece of cloth in the box. Mr. Clarke did not ask the court to open one of the bottles to show that it contained Goa liquor. The court did not suggest that the defence had admitted that the bottle contained Goa liquor. Had it done so witness would have said that the defence made no such admission. From his instructions in the case he could not admit the allegation as to the contents made by the prosecution. As far as he remembered the contents looked like water in colour and did not contain any water sediment.

Cross-examined by Mr. Smith, witness said that he was put in possession of certain papers which gave him instructions about the contents. Mr. D. Sealy and Mr Jehangir Kapadia did not tell him verbally about the contents of the bottles. His instructions did not agree with the allegations made by the prosecution as to the contents. Witness explained the reason for not disclosing his defence at an early stage of the case that the bottles contained gin and vinegar, namely, that the main defence was the denial of the ownership of the box, which was within the knowledge of his witnesses; secondly, that neither the accused nor the persons instructing him had direct knowledge of the contents, but relied upon information given by a third party, and thirdly absence of any attempt in the past of the prosecution to prove the contents of the bottles. Witness said that before the prosecution closed its case he could not enter upon the defence.

Mr. David Sealy, pleader, was examined for the defence and contradicted the evidence given by Mr. Clarke in many material points. He also bore out Mr. Kapadia as to the application for the custody of the box in court, and to the production of the bottles in court. Mr. Clarke made no applications for permission to open one of the bottles. The case at this stage was adjourned till noon to-day.

THE INDIAN ELECTRICITY BILL.

BOMBAY CORPORATION'S VIEWS.

THE Committee appointed by the Corporation to examine the draft Electricity Bill and report any suggestions they may have to make, especially in reference to the rights of local authorities, report that they have examined the Bill in consultation with the Commissioner, and, while approving of it generally, they are of opinion that the following suggestions, in which the Commissioner concurs, should be submitted to the Government of India:—

Section 2, clause (p).—In this clause (p) "Street" includes any way, road, lane, square, court, alley, passage or open space, whether a thoroughfare or not, (over which the public have a right of way) and also the roadway and footway over any public bridge or causeway the words "over which the public have a right of way" have been printed in brackets, as if the desirability of retaining them was doubtful. It seems very desirable that the words should be retained, so that licenses may not have authority over private lanes, passages, compounds, &c.

Section 3.—There is a dissimilarity of expression between clauses (1) and (3). In clause (1) the supply of energy is "for any public or private purpose." In clause (3) the words "to the public" are used. It seems desirable that the same phraseology should be adhered to throughout.

Section 4 (1).—There does not seem to be any provision in the draft bill clearly giving power to the local authority to demand some reasonable advantage from the Licensee, e.g., a premium, or rent for the use of roads, or a share in the profits. It is true that such a charge would increase the cost of the undertaking and possibly lead to the public being charged at a higher rate than otherwise, but it must also be remembered that the whole benefit of an absolutely free concession will not go to the public, but will be mainly absorbed by the licensee in the shape of enhanced profit. It is only right that the local authority should have power to charge in some shape or other for the use of public streets.

Sections 4, 5 and 7.—No provision has been made for allowing a local authority to transfer to a licensee of its own selection a license granted to itself or to re-sell an undertaking purchased by itself. It seems very important that local authorities should possess this power, so as to obviate any objection such as has been raised by the Bombay Tramway Company, who have disputed the right of the Corporation to purchase the tramway concession and then part with it at once to another party. The Committee understand that this suggestion is in consonance with the English practice. They are further of opinion that it should be allowable to the local authority to demand a reasonable price and impose other reasonable conditions.

Section 18 (1). It should be provided that the notice in this Section of intention to place an aerial electric supply line temporarily along or across a street should also be given to the Commissioner of Police and the Municipal Commissioner, either of which officers may have important objections to urge against such line being placed or important arrangements to make before it is placed.

Mr. H. S. Vakil, adds the remark:—Section 4 in effect authorizes the Local Government to grant licenses in spite of the objections of the Local Authorities. I think it is desirable that before the objections of the Local Authorities are set aside the Local Government should communicate their views to the Local Authorities and they be heard.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY JANUARY 26.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—Choral. Tournin F.
Hymns—217, 311, 323 and 377.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—23, 267, 308 and 548.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Tournin F.
Daily Matins at 6-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-15 a.m.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.
(Church of Scotland.)

11 a.m.—Joint Service.
Psalm—103 v 13 tune 111.
Hymns—278, 196, and 230.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.
Psalm—84 1-5 tune 162.
Hymns—111, 238, and 293, 2nd tune, Anthem—"Oh come Amiable."
Collection for General Expenses.

BOWEN MEMORIAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
(Apollo Bunder.)

9-45 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Divine Service, preaching by Paslin
Also Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 8 p.m.
All Seats free, and strangers cordially welcomed.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
(Afghan Memorial Church.)

8 a.m.—Matins Cantata—(Morbecke.)
Hymns—211, 317, and 151.
11 a.m.—Parade Service—Choral, Matins and Sermon.
Hymns—211, 250 and 515.
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—33, 236 and 31.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.
(Near School of Art.)

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Service for the Young.
4-30 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—33, 168 and 405.
Offerings for Church Expenses.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

7 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, and Sermon by Rev. H. McNeile.
4-30 p.m.—Service for the Young.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer, and Sermon by Rev. Canon Roberts.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON

6 a.m.—Holy Eucharist.
7 a.m.—Holy Eucharist (Choral). Preacher, Rev. Father Rivers.
10 a.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral) Preacher, Rev. Father Tovey Alms for Dr. and Choir.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, PAREL.
(Madras Time.)

6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Hymns—291, 189, and 216.

WESLEYAN CHURCH.
(Colaba Causeway.)

8 a.m.—Parade Service, Preacher, Rev. A. J. Reynell.
6 p.m.—Parade Service, Preacher, Rev. A. J. Reynell.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
5-30 p.m.—Social Hour.

ST. NICHOLAS' SEAMEN'S CHURCH.
Opposite the Main Gate of Prince's Dock.

10-30 a.m.—Matins.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.
Daily Services.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
4-45 p.m.—Evensong.

THE UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND,
Wandby Road.

11 a.m.—Joint Service at St. Andrew's Church.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
6 p.m.—Evening Service, Rev. R. Scott, M.A.
Hymns—15, 257 and 371.
Psalm—90.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON FRIDAY THE 24TH OF JANUARY.

SUMMARY.

Pressure changes have been generally small, except at Delhi, Agra, Jhansi, Ajmere, Neemuch and Saugor, where a brisk to rapid rise has taken place.

Winds continue to be light and variable in direction.

The temperature, both maximum and minimum, is above the mean of the season in several places. The maximum temperature to 75° at Delhi, and minimum from 43° at Lahore to 70° at Cochin.

The sky is clear generally everywhere.

No rain fell at any station.

Weather continues fine and settled in all districts.

E. A. HENRY,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

Falling Hair

Falling Hair

Prevented by Warm Shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP, followed by light dressings of CUTICURA, purest of emollient Skin Cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, clears the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow on a clean, wholesome scalp, when all else fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour,

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest humour, when all other remedies fail. Sold throughout the world. Aust. Depot: R. TOWNS & CO., Sydney, N. S. W. So. African Depot: LENNON LTD., Cape Town, Natal, Port Elizabeth. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," post free. POTTER CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

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GOLD MEDAL
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DADOOMIA HAJEE HEERAJEE & SONS, A. Crawford Market.
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SCRUBB'S CLOUDY FLUID AMMONIA
MARVELLOUS PREPARATION.

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates. Cleans Plate and Jewellery.

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SADDLE SOAP.

Sold by all Saddlers and Store-Keepers

Manufactory: LONDON, E., ENGLAND.

"THE BEST REFRESHER IN INDIA."

TENNENT'S

Per Case of 4 doz. Quarts— Rs. 22.0

Per Case of 8 doz. Pints— Rs. 31.0

LIBERAL DISCOUNT to PURCHASERS of FIVE CASES and UPWARDS.

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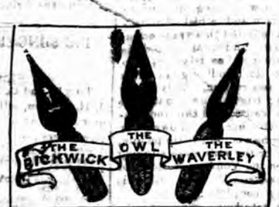

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"The Pickwick embodies an great improvement of value."
Engineer.

They come as a boon and a blessing to men, The Pickwick, the Owl and the Waverley Pen.

MACHIVEN CAMERON, LTD., WAVERLEY WORKS, EDINBURGH.

Liqueur Exquisite, Tonic, Digestive and Efficacious

BENEDICTINE

The BENEDICTINE liqueur is its spirituous foundation being composed of the very purest quality.

Its principal characteristics may be summed up as follows:

Distinctness of taste, richness of flavour and a delicacy with age.

Moreover, the fact has never been disputed, that with water, the liqueur is possessed of great *ANTIAPOPLECTIC* (*sudden loss of sense and voluntary motions*), *APERIENT*, *DIGESTIVE* and *ANTISPASMODIC* (*against convulsions*) Qualities. *REFRESHES* and *STRENGTHENS* the nervous and tired brain marvellously, and works as a perfect boon to invalids and a blessing combined with luxury to mankind.

Many celebrated doctors and literary men both in France and other countries have given the liqueur the brilliant testimony of their appreciation, as may be seen by the following letters:—

..... Those of my readers who have confidence in my culinary recommendations, and I trust they are many, will do well to note that I prefer BENEDICTINE to all other liqueurs.

ALEXANDER DUMAS.

..... At a time when the luxuries of the table are sought after on all sides, I do not hesitate to acknowledge and recommend BENEDICTINE as the queen of liqueurs, now to be seen on any table. It is found and appreciated alike in restaurants, in private families, and on the tables of princes.

H. DE PENE.

..... We place BENEDICTINE upon our tables for its excellent flavour and delicate perfume, without thinking that this dainty is a powerful specific, a liqueur most beneficial for promoting digestion and the regular circulation of the blood.

TIMOTHEE TRIMM.

LIQUEUR BENEDICTINE.—Among the liquours invented or manufactured by the monks of France, the Benedictine from a hygienic point of view occupies the foremost rank. It is not only an exquisite and savory beverage for persons in good health, but in cases of illness or rodoverty it is equally beneficial. It may be used to advantage in all cases where Malaga, Madeira, Sherry, &c., are recommended.

The Benedictine is remarkable for its agreeable taste, and for its really salutary effect as a stomachic; and it is principally on this account that the liquour should bear the motto *Meritur qui non utitur*.

After meals we know of nothing more agreeable than a small glass or two of BENEDICTINE. It perfumes the breath, delights the palate, promotes digestion, and is a powerful aid to an inactive or overloaded stomach. During an epidemic, and for combating the evil effects of an impure atmosphere, its curative action is indisputable. At the beginning of last autumn we had occasion to appreciate the full value of this liqueur, and we are now happy to give it our highest praise.

DR. MALLET, M.D.

We place all our confidence in the hygienic properties of BENEDICTINE. Invalids and those who suffer from diseases of the respiratory organs, affections of the chests, bronchitis, affections of brain, etc., and who cannot take other liqueurs, can safely make BENEDICTINE their favorite drink as a finish to their meals.

Dr. ACHILLE PEQUEUR, M.D.

I consider your excellent liqueur invaluable to the old who so frequently suffer from indigestion and attacks of biliousness which often prove fatal. Remarkable has long been well known to me, and it was with great readiness that I ordered our religious and my best medical doctor to administer it as a cordial according to your directions.

Dr. J. ROUX DE BRIGNOLLES,
Chief Physician & House Surgeon, Charitable Hospital of Marseilles.

Extract from the *Gazette Medicale*,

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THEY ARE THE CHEAPEST AND THE BEST.

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General Agents for India,
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"HARLENE" FOR THE HAIR

THE VERY FINEST DRESSING.
SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
PROMOTES THE GROWTH.
ARRESTS THE FALL.
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REMOVES DANDRUFF.
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Full description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle.

1s., 2s. 6d., and (3 times 2s. 6d. size) 4s. 6d. per Bottle, from Druggists, etc., all over the world.

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New Meat Extract Label

Extract is now Liebig's Extract of Meat Co.'s

The genuine is labelled with blue signature
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BENGER'S FOOD

From an Eminent Surgeon:—
"After a lengthened experience of Foods both at home and in India, I consider 'Benger's Food' incomparably superior to any I have ever prescribed."

FOOD For INFANTS, INVALIDS, & THE AGED.

Delicious, Nutritive, Digestible.

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BOOTS AND SHOES
FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN
Are Celebrated the World over for
ELEGANCE, FIT, STYLE AND DURABILITY.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO DRYING FOR EXPORT.

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WHOLESALE ONLY.
Agents required for Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon Ceylon.

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Natural Toilet Preparations.

Toilet 'Lanoline' in collapsable tubes,
Makes rough skins smooth, and protects delicate complexions from wind and sun.

'Lanoline' Toilet Soap
Super Irritates, cleanses and keeps the skin supple.

Wholesale Depôt—57, HOLBORN VIADUCT, LONDON.

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, JAN. 10.

"It is a strange comment on the moral progress of the world that perhaps the most prosperous little State in Europe at the beginning of the twentieth century exists in defiance of all morality. Fifty years ago two men opened a gambling room in Monaco; to-day the gambling "runs" the State, pays its taxes, makes its roads, supports its schools, lights its streets, builds up its charities, erects its palaces feeds its Prince, and—endows its cathedral! Surely, since the world began, no State ever had such an infamous source of prosperity as the State of Monaco has in the "Anonymous Company of Sea Baths and Strangers' Club" which we call Monte Carlo.

There is, it ought to be said, one saving virtue in the system which allows a State to depend on a gambling hell. The people of Monaco have the good sense not to gamble themselves, and no citizen save on one day a year, may enter the Casino. "If men from other lands, with more money than brains, choose to lose their brains and leave their money in Monaco," the native argument seems to run, we have nothing to do with it. At least we will use their money well, and wash our hands of the channel through which it comes. It is all very sad, says the moralist, but—it pays. How completely the spirit of the Casino rules Monaco most people know. Time was when the counters used at the tables were accepted outside as money, but the circulation was stopped when it was found that the counters had doubled in number outside the Casino, and that a gang of false coiners were making them as fast as they could at La Turbie.

The whole State has grown rich since the gamblers came, and not the State only but the coast for a hundred miles round. Sandy soil worth five pounds an acre, fifty miles from Monaco, has realised two thousand pounds an acre in thirty years; the two hotels in the State have multiplied by twenty-four, and as against three jewellers and seventeen wine merchants twenty years ago, there are to-day fifteen jewellers and eighty-five wine merchants. A thousand people are kept in regular work at the Casino itself, and honest folk who live by honest means have grown rich in spite of themselves through the remarkable development of the State. The people pay neither rates nor taxes, and, compared with the condition of Monaco fifty years ago, Monte Carlo, if it has become a gambling hell, has become, too, a gambling paradise.

The gamblers found the State in a deplorable condition, and the soil was exactly suited for the reception of the seed they were sowing. A hundred and fifty men one night sat down to a banquet, with a Prince among them, and the Casino was begun. Francois Blanc, the Napoleon of gambling, found the walls half-built, and, in a hurried note, offered the Prince 1,700,000 francs for the unfinished Casino and all its privileges. I must have his answer at once as I am leaving to-morrow he said and the answer came back quickly. It was Yes. The Frenchman completed the handsome building, made his fortune and then died. His widow withdrew from the gambling business with many millions of francs. The Casino was handed over to a company with an enormous capital and the gentle Prince renewed the concession for the modest consideration of a thousand pounds a week with an extra trifle of £20,000 a year to keep up his bodyguard.

Only one or two people perhaps have ever heard of Estrada Palma, yet within the last few days he has become a man of international importance. He is the President of the world's youngest Republic. His enthusiasm in the recent revolt against Spain has won him the leadership of the Cuban nation. He was one of the men who stirred up feeling in the States on the side of the Cubans, and throughout the war he was at the head of his countrymen, inspiring them in their battles for freedom. As President of Cuba he steps into the ranks of the world's rulers, and achieves an eminence which comes to only a few hundreds of men in a generation. President of Cuba, may not be a high sounding phrase, but to how many men, after all, is it given to rule a nation?

Sixty or seventy men at most sit in the seats of rulers, and in ten years the world will have forgotten more than half of them. Of half of them indeed a word is never heard. Terencio Sierra, Jose Santos Zelaya, Emilio Aceval, Thomas Regalado, German Riesco, Leonidas Plaza—who has ever heard of them? Yet they are chiefs of nations, all of them, and their acts concern the lives of millions of human beings. For eight years and more Jose Santos Zelaya has been head of a State which has been named in important international documents, but the fierce light which beats upon a throne shines hardly at all upon the chair of a President, and the first man in a nation, if he belongs to the lay kings, and not to the kings of royal blood, may be as far from fame as the postmaster at Timbuctoo.

Yet in their own little world, they are powerful enough, and some of them, indeed, wield iron rods. His Majesty of Brazil, where the nuts come from, is ruler in much more than mere name. Dr. Campos Salles is hardly less autocratic as a President than Dom Pedro was as an Emperor, and, twelve years after the sweeping away of the monarchy, Brazil still gives one man power, within broad limits, to make war and declare peace. General Teresias Simon Sam rules over Hayti with only four Ministers to help him, and has a salary of nearly five thousand pounds a year for looking after the only country in the world where the black man rules the white. In Argentina, Julio Roca acts as Commander-in-Chief of the Army, appoints generals, creates judges, fills all civil offices, and presents all bishoprics. Senor Romauan in Peru must envy him his power; not a single act of his has any force unless backed by a Minister.

The President of Colombia must envy him, too. Where he is nobody quite knows. The reference books leave a blank where his name should be, and his chair is filled by the second man in the State. Two or three years ago Manuel Antonio Sanclementi was elected, by a system of electoral colleges much the the same as in the United States, to rule over three million Colombians. He was elected for six years, but, being an old man, he probably did not look forward to a full term. There is no security of tenure in the Presidency of a South American Republic, and in Colombia, where revolution is the substitute for cricket, there is a rebellion once a week. Our young men must have their games, a Colombian said to Sir Martin Conway. It was a young man's game, no doubt, which led to the carrying off of the President last September when by order of the political leaders Senor Sanclemento was locked up in a box and kidnapped. It was the one event which made the President a talked of newspaper fame, but a President locked in a box and carried off to Cancs can hardly be famous long for three months nobody has heard of Senor Sanclemento. J. M. Martoquin, the Vice-President, is in his stead.

They would have a great task before them. Even if President Roosevelt and President Loubet, the mightiest lay rulers in the world, came to its aid, the Octodecimo Alliance would find itself overwhelmed by the powers of the Monarchies. There are seventeen Kings, seven Emperors, three Sultans, and one Queen to guard the Thrones against a Presidential invasion, and if their forces failed they could call upon a Shah, a Boy, an Ameer, a Maharajah, a Khan, and a Khedive to help them. They are all of royal blood and royal power, and may be relied upon to stand up for the Thrones when Uncle Sam, having no more trades to buy up, sets himself to establish a corner in kingdoms.

King Edward could hardly have disposed of the handsome gift of Sir Ernest Cassel in a way more calculated to bring happiness, or more in keeping with his well-known sympathy with suffering humanity. Again and again he has given striking proof of his interest in the science of medicine, and his feeling for those whose lot it is the aim of medicine to alleviate. Those who have in hand the arrangements for the King Edward Hospital Fund for London know that His Majesty has taken the closest and most practical interest of late in the revival of the fund, and the renewal of activity in connection with it has been due directly to the personal intervention of the King. His disposition of Sir Ernest Cassel's gift reminds us of a notable passage in one of his most recent speeches, in which he declared that the man who discovered a cure for consumption would deserve a statue in every capital.

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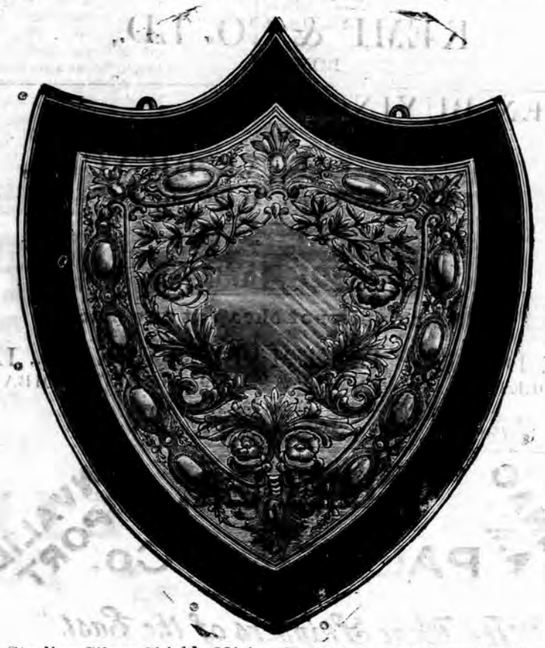

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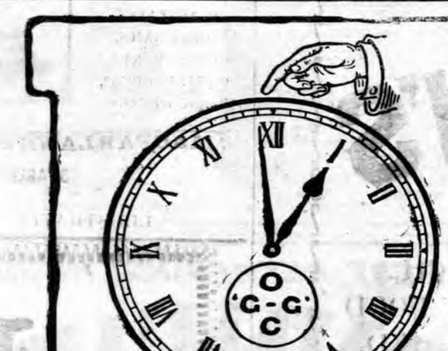

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